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Dispatch. For particulars see page 23.

VOL. 42.—NO. 120.

AN APPEAL FOR AID.

Widows and Children of the Spring Hill
Victims in Need.

THIRTY-FOUR BODIES RECOVERED AND
THE SEARCHERS STILL AT WORK.

The Number of Dead Now Placed at 117—A
Serious Passenger Collision—Accident-
ally Killed—Suicide or Accident—Killed
by a Train—Foolish With a Gun—Casual-
ties.

MONTREAL, Quebec, Feb. 23.—The Spring
Hill mine disaster was foretold by an old
woman known as "Old Mrs. Coe," or the
"Fiction Prophetess." Senator George A.
Drummond of this city, one of the mine dis-
asters, yesterday received an official report
from the manager of the mine, dated Feb. 16,
in which Underground Superintendent Swift
says that much uneasiness was being felt
owing to a prophecy by "Old Mrs. Coe" that
an explosion was about to take place in the
mine. In consequence of that prediction a
company of miners, under Manager Cowan,
made a thorough examination of the mine,
finding everything in good condition. But
the explosion came nevertheless.

BODIES RECOVERED.
SPRING HILL, Minn., Nov. 23.—At mid-
night thirty-four bodies had been re-
covered, and the total number of dead was
thought to be 117. A largely attended public
meeting was held at evening at the Spring
Hill mine, for a public funeral Tuesday
was completed. Chief Inspector Gilpin arrived
yesterday morning, and accompanied by
Madden, went down to the mine. Mr. Gil-
pin says, so far as the evidence shows, the
explosion occurred on either No. 6 or
7 balance, and that the force of the
explosion in these two places was great.

Most of the timber was
knocked out, allowing the roof to fall, break-
ing boxes and mutilating men and horses.
Two small fires were kindled by the ex-
plosion, but were extinguished at once with-
out any difficulty by the searching party. The
explosion, Gilpin says, did very little damage
to property in No. 2 slope, having extended
but a short distance beyond the tunnel, and
all the deaths in that slope were from suffo-
cation after the explosion. Manager Swift was
at the bottom of No. 1 slope about fifteen
minutes before the explosion occurred and in-
timated to one of the roadmen that he was
going into the place where the
explosion occurred. He has not been seen
since. It is probable that his body will be re-
covered when some of the debris is cleared
up. A boy named Beaton heard the explosion
and rushed off to the surface, where his
brother was with him and succeeded in carry-
ing him out badly injured. His heroism is
one of the chief topics of conversation. There
were plenty of volunteers to search for all
bodies. Men who came to the pit to assist
divested themselves of their coats, and un-
hesitatingly went to the rescue of their fel-
low-workmen. Many strange scenes were
seen, both on the surface and underground.
Several of the bodies were so fearfully
mutilated that they were placed in bags
and brought up to the surface. The ex-
plosion is more disastrous to life than any
other in the history of coal mining on
this continent. It is a singular coinci-
dence that the last of a balance of both
the Ford pit and Drummond colliery explo-
sions. The number of lives lost at the Ford
pit was fifty-three and at the Drummond
pit was thirty-four. The last of the Ford
pit was now placed at 117. Of these fifty-
seven were married men, who leave 157 chil-
dren unprotected. The relief fund of the
miners, which had a balance of \$7,000 at the
beginning of the year, is unable to meet the
claims that will be made. The relief from
this source at best can only be temporary.

THE MINING MARKET.
A General Holiday—Gossip Concerning
Granite and Elizabeth.
There was little or no activity in the mining
market today. The holiday was very gen-
erally observed, and only a few brokers were
on the street. The weakness in Granite Moun-
tain continued, and the stock was
offered at \$1.00, but there were no sales.
The condition of the stock is still a subject
of discussion on the street, and opinions
differ as to the prospects for the future. Some
believe that it will continue to decline for
some time to come, while others are of the
opinion that it has about touched its lowest
point. The heavy stockholders express
little surprise at the decline. They state
that they have along recognized the fact
that if any considerable amount of stock
should be thrown on the market that the
price would fall. No effort had been made to
protect the stock, and probably none would
be. On the street the decline was ascribed
not only to the lower quality of the
ore in which work is now
being carried on, but also to the fact that
the general belief that the grade of ore
has been exhausted. When the new
mill was put up, nearly doubling the
capacity, it was expected that much larger
dividends would be made. Such has not
proved to be the case, although
the amount of ore raised is far greater
than it was. The decline in the price of silver
does not explain this, as silver is now higher
than it was when the mine was paying divid-
ends of \$30,000 a month on a mill capacity
little more than half what it is at present.
Some predict that the decline will be
soon exhausted and that the present rate
of dividends cannot be maintained.
In regard to the Elizabeth there was much
talk, but no trading. It is being sold for
stock. The news that a foot vein of ore had
been struck 185 feet north of the shaft was
regarded by many as highly encouraging, al-
though the strike was very low, not exceeding
three ounces to the ton, as it is believed that
it settles the question of the Apex in favor of
the Elizabeth.

DREW THE LINE ON SELLING.
Commercial Travelers Who Protested
Against a Table Compromise.
A commercial traveler who resides in St.
Louis writes to the Post-Dispatch a request
that the action of a party of traveling men
with whom he fell in at Peoria on Saturday
be reported for the information of travel-
ing men and hotel keepers generally.
Henry M. Stanley, with whom some
of the party had been dining, had been in-
dined often on ale and pigs' feet at a Bohemian
resort on Twenty-eighth street, New
York, was in Peoria on Saturday and stopped
at the National Hotel. The party, however,
did not appear in the dining-room, and
his colored body-servant, "Sailor," in his
own and oriental trappings, graced the first
table. Before the next meal the travelers pre-
sented a formal protest against sitting at the
table with the body-servant of the lecturer
when neither master nor colored man could
cite the National citizenship. The commercial
men notified the popular proprietor, Mr. J.
Warren Coleman, that they would find it
necessary to change hotels if the cause of
complaint was not removed. Like a good
hotel-keeper Mr. Coleman and time arranged
the trouble satisfactorily.

A Passenger Collision.
CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 23.—At 8:30 this morn-
ing the express, east-bound, on the Baltimore
and Northwestern Railroad ran into the rear
end of a local passenger train, west-bound,
at a crossing near the city.

The explosion confined itself to Nos. 6 and
7 balances, and not an employee in that
neighborhood escaped. In No. 2 slope men
were found a considerable distance from
their working places trying to make their way
out, but they were unable to overcome and
succumbed to the deadly fire damp. The
bodies in this slope were nearly all recovered
early yesterday morning. They were all
disfigured at all except in the case of those
who were struck by flying missiles. The
explosions worked hard and succeeded
in early hours. The damage to the pits is not
serious and it is thought that work can be re-
sumed in No. 1 slope within a fortnight at the
outside and possibly sooner. No danger from
fire is apprehended. A number of men are
watching for an indication of fire among the
debris, but this is merely a precautionary
measure, as all danger from this source is
considered to be removed. The scene of the
disaster yesterday and viewed the dead who
were laid out in the carpenter shop.

Accident or Suicide.
DENVER, Colo., Feb. 23.—J. O. Reynolds, for
many years general agent of the Dupont
Powder Co. in this state and a highly re-
spected business man of this city, was found
shot through the head and dead in his bath
room yesterday forenoon. The circum-
stances of the case are being investigated, but
it is a matter of doubt whether the
shooting was accidental or done with suicidal
intent.

Killed by a Train.
BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 23.—John Connelley and
Michael McGrath while driving across the
Massachusetts Central Railroad on an unused
road at Lower Hill, near the village of Way-
land, yesterday afternoon, were struck by the
train which leaves Boston shortly before 6
o'clock. The carriage was smashed and both
men were killed almost instantly, their
bodies being badly mutilated.

Didn't Know It Was Loaded.
CANTON, N.Y., Feb. 23.—Yesterday
morning at the Shandlers House, in a coal
camp three miles from here, a Bohemian
named Seaman, pointing a shot-gun at John
Fitch, a local farmer, who was standing
near the entrance of Fitch's left eye and tore
the top of his head off. Seaman claims he did
not know the gun was loaded.

Fell With a Crash.
NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—This afternoon the
Twenty-eighth street wall of the Fifth Ave-
nue Theater fell with a crash and broke the
water main running through Twenty-eighth
avenue. The water main was broken in three
places, and a large amount of water was
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A Wheelman's Fatal Fall.
CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 23.—A special to the
Times-Star from Canton, O., says that Mr.
Arthur E. Kelly, a local farmer, was killed
yesterday morning by a fall from a bicycle.
He came from Elgin, Ill.

Accidentally Killed.
DE SOTO, Mo., Feb. 23.—El Rodgers ac-
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A MATTER OF FORM.

The Vote To-Day for United States Sen-
ator at Springfield, Ill.

ONLY TWENTY MEMBERS OF THE TWO
HOUSES ATTEND THE SESSION.

The F. M. B. A. Men Decide to Stick to
Streeter—Gen. Palmer's Friends De-
termined That He Shall Not Be Dropped
—Nothing to Indicate an Early Change
—Winnow's Successor.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 23.—The true in-
wardness of what was understood to be the
democratic attempt to throw Gen. Palmer
off the track and substitute another candi-
date is gradually coming to the surface. The
party managers enter strong protestations
that there is no authorized movement of the
kind. They acknowledge that the call on
Gen. Palmer on Friday and the subsequent
meeting of the Steering Committee gave
credence to the rumor, but that it originated
with a few erratic members who had a thirst
for newspaper reputation and do not by
any means represent the majority. The
discussion was entirely informal and they
are at a loss to surmise why it was so
promptly given to the press. The rumor
denying the fact that this matter was con-
sidered some time ago by the Steering Com-
mittee and the matter was discussed in the
headquarters of the Democratic State Central
Committee and the question was as to how
Gen. Palmer would receive such a propo-
sition. In fact it was brought up incidentally
in Gen. Palmer's presence, and he said then,
as he said to-day, that the time might come
when such an emergency might arise, but he
saw no indications of such a crisis
at present. When it does come, if
ever, he certainly should not stand in the
way, as he considered the success of the
Democratic party of much greater moment
than his election to the United States Senate.
It is true that members of the State Central
Committee and prominent local Democrats
have seriously discussed a change, but it is
also true that, according to the information
to be had here to-day, no such movement
will be made right away. S. S.
Whitehead of Marshall, Clarke County,
is here. He is a member of the State Central
Committee and is a strong supporter of
the grand army of Senatorial aspirants.
He seems to think he is a better Democrat
than Gen. Palmer and could be easily elected.
He believes he can capture the three F. M. B.
members, although he is alleged to be the
author of the Columbus dispatches that
caused Mr. Taubeneck so much trouble.

Mr. Streeter has apparently succeeded in
holding the string of the F. M. B. mem-
bers, as Taubeneck and Moore returned from
Shelbyville yesterday and said that they
would stand by Streeter for a great many bal-
lots. Streeter figures that if he can hold the
F. M. B. men he will eventually get the
Republican vote. The action of the St. Clair
County Republicans in denouncing Streeter is
regarded with a great amount of interest
here. To add to his misfortunes, he will now
be compelled to straddle the prohibition ques-
tion, for the grand army of Senatorial aspi-
rants can do this to the entire satisfaction of
all. But, through severe practice, it is thought
that he is thoroughly capable of performing
any gymnastic feat with his political con-
science.

There was no change in the senatorial sit-
uation to-day except that the idea of with-
drawing Gen. Palmer from the contest is al-
most entirely dispelled. The few who took
the matter in their own hands and made sug-
gestions have found it exceedingly un-
popular and regret that they have done so.
The matter is more solid now than ever, and all
express their preference to go down with him if
they must rather than go against the will of
the people of the State. The grand army of
Senatorial aspirants is more solid now than
ever, and all express their preference to go
down with him if they must rather than go
against the will of the people of the State.

Winnow's Successor.
NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—Ex-Gov. Foster of
Ohio was at the Fifth avenue Hotel yesterday
receiving congratulatory calls and telegrams
on his appointment to the Secretaryship of
the Treasury. Among the callers were
Stephen B. Elkins, Warner Miller, Thos. C.
Platt and Col. W. S. Brown. Among the tele-
grams were some from Democrats. Calvin S.
Brice telegraphed: "My heartiest con-
gratulations. The best appointment possible for
the country." John K. Brice and John H. Har-
per of Cincinnati also sent congratulations, as
did George Hafer of Cincinnati, Gen. Samuel
Thomas and a great many others. From
the Mayor of Cleveland, ex-Gov. Foster re-
ceived the following:

"The citizens of Cleveland, irrespective of party,
think President Harrison for his recent appoint-
ment to the position of Secretary of the Treasury
of Ohio's best and most efficient Governor. Charles
Foster, whose extended experience as a practical
business man and his high standing in the com-
munity, demonstrate the wisdom of the selection. Con-
gratulations and many happy days."

The President will in all probability send
the name of Charles E. Coon as Assistant
Secretary. This statement is made upon au-
thority that cannot be questioned, and the
appointment is only held back until after the
Senate's action on Mr. Foster's name. Neither
Mr. Foster nor Mr. Coon would say anything
about the matter when seen last night.

Breakenridge at Chicago.
CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 23.—Congressman W. C.
P. Breakenridge, who is to address the
League Club to-day, arrived at the Auditorium
Hotel last evening. He was escorted
from the train by a committee of the club,
the members of which looked after his
creation and then left him to rest for
the work of to-day. Tuesday afternoon,
between 1 and 2 o'clock, an informal recep-
tion will be tendered him by the Iroquois
Club at their rooms.

TORREY BANKRUPTCY BILL.

Probability That Congress Will Adjourn
Before the Senate Reaches It.

Mr. Wm. E. Schweppe returned yesterday
from Washington City, where he spent a
few days in the interest of the Torrey bankruptcy
bill. Mr. Peter Nicholson, an ex-congress-
man, Anthony Littner were with
him, all three gentlemen being
members of the National Executive
Committee selected to go to Washington
and work for the passage of that bill. "I talked
to a number of Senators," said Mr. Schweppe
this morning, "and my impression is that
the bill will pass the Senate. It is
reached. It is now fifth on the list,
being only four bills ahead of it, and it has
already been passed upon favorably by the
Judiciary Committee and recommended
for passage. It passed the House, as
you know, and there doesn't seem
to be much, if any, avowed opposition
to it in the Senate, but the session almost
over, only a few days more remaining, and I
am afraid that Congress will adjourn without
taking up the bill. I found that while there
was very little opposition to the bill there
was considerable ignorance in regard to it
not only in Washington, but everywhere. I
went to the Senate, and there I found out
that, and that seems all the more surprising
considering the fact that the bill has been
passed by the House and recommended by
the Judiciary Committee, and particularly to commercial in-
terests. The bill would be of immense benefit
to jobbers, as at present they have
no show of their own country's customers
failing. The home creditors take every-
thing. Under the long credit feature of the
Torrey bill all creditors would share alike
and the falling merchant would have an op-
portunity to resume business."

EARLY MORNING FIRE.
Destruction of the People's Opera-House
at Evansville.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Feb. 23.—Fire broke out
in the People's Opera-house at 6 o'clock this
morning from a lighted candle and totally
destroyed that building and contents, also
Albecker's saloon and fixtures, on ground
floor. The Journal printing office adjoining
was badly damaged by fire and water; also
L. Fritsch's tailoring establishment. No
one was injured, but the loss is estimated
at \$100,000. The opera-house was owned by
Costy, Rose & Walker; the Journal building
by G. P. Bissell of Hartford, Conn. The
Fritsch building belonged to M. J. Bray.

Agricultural College Burned.
LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 23.—Fire broke out
in the experimental agricultural and mechan-
ical department of the State Agricultural
and Mechanical College this morning at
2 o'clock, and in a very short time the
magnificent building was entirely
burned out. The experimental department
was totally destroyed, with all the records
for the past two years, library, etc. Material
loss, \$5,000; no insurance. The loss to the Agri-
cultural Department and Chemical Depart-
ment is \$10,000; insured for \$10,000. The
origin of the fire is not known.

Swept by a Disastrous Fire.
DUBUQUE, Ia., Feb. 23.—Early this morn-
ing 400 inhabitants in Clayton County, were
swept by a disastrous fire yesterday. The
fire broke out at noon in Schrup's general
store which was burned to the ground,
together with the post office, the German
Hotel, Flaherty's saloon, two other store
buildings and three dwellings. The total
loss is about \$20,000 and the insurance half
that amount.

A Bad Blaze at Kansas City.
KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 23.—Late last eve-
ning a fire broke out in the block of buildings
at Seventh and Main streets, and by mid-
night had occasioned a loss of over \$200,000.
The buildings destroyed were occupied by
the Western Express Co., H. Oppen-
heimer and several other large concerns.

Business Houses Destroyed.
JOHNSBORO, Ark., Feb. 23.—Several busi-
ness houses on the east side of the court
square were destroyed by fire yesterday
morning before daylight. The losses fall al-
most entirely on the insurance companies.

Fire at Carbondale.
CARBONDALE, Ill., Feb. 23.—Early yesterday
morning the dwelling and business house
owned by the Carbondale Coal Co. was en-
tirely consumed by fire. The loss is about \$4,000.

LABOR NEWS.
Grievances of the Pennsylvania Railway
Employees—Lookout at Indianapolis.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 23.—Three hundred
and fifty representatives of organizations of
railroad employees met here yesterday and
discussed a proposition to bring into a fed-
eral or supreme council the Brotherhood of
Locomotive Engineers, the Brotherhood of
Railroad Trainmen, the Brotherhood of Lo-
comotive Firemen, the Switchmen's Mutual Aid
Association, the Order of Railway Con-
ductors, the Brotherhood of Railway and
Telegraphers. The Brotherhood of Railway
Conductors, the Switchmen's Mutual Aid
Association and the Brotherhood of Train-
men have already formed a union, and the
question was upon the admission of the
other orders.

It was unanimously decided to form a com-
mittee to prepare a declaration of grievances
adverse to any reduction in freight or pas-
senger rates and will oppose all legislation
in that direction.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD MEN.
PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 23.—A new phase of
the controversy between the Pennsylvania
company and its employees over wages and
general grievances was developed last night
when it was announced that a com-
mittee representing the employees of the road
east of Pittsburgh would shortly arrive in the
city to inspect the company's books and
consideration by the Pennsylvania officials
would be made common to all parts of the
Pennsylvania system. Heretofore it has not
been claimed that the employees east of Pitts-
burgh would take part in the contest. The
final answer of General Manager Wood to the
demands submitted to him will not be handed
down before Wednesday of Thursday.

The members of the Eastern Grievance Com-
mittee arrived in the city this afternoon.
They have just concluded a lengthy confer-
ence in the East and came here to confer
with the Western men. An advance has been
demanded in the East also. In the event
of trouble it is claimed by the members of
the grievance committee that the employees of
the two systems will work together. Chiefs
Arthur and Sargent are holding a private
conference in the city to-day. The situa-
tion is understood perfectly by Mr. Wood,
and it is intimated that he is not entirely in
accord with some of the leaders in the
present trouble. It is becoming known
that the Pennsylvania Co. is holding a con-
sultation to-day with General Manager Wood.
They will prepare a schedule of wages which will be submitted to the
employees. If it does not prove
satisfactory to the latter, more conferences
between the officials and the men will be held.
Every effort to avert strife will be made by
both sides, and a tie-up will be the last re-
sort.

A LOCKOUT.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 23.—There is a
lockout at all the mills in this city. All
the benches and machine hands are out.
Demand an eight-hour day and 25 per cent
advance in wages. The bosses decline to grant
either demand.

USED BAD WORDS.

A Sensational Incident in Lower House
of the Arkansas Legislature.

TWO MEMBERS, IN THE HEAT OF DE-
BATE, INDULGE IN PERSONALITIES.

The Trouble Over the Adoption of a Res-
olution to Prosecute Individuals Who
Used the State's Funds—A Heavy De-
ficit in Estimates—The Missouri Legis-
lature.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Feb. 23.—The House
Committee on Appropriations are having an
exceedingly hard time of it in the preparation
of a bill to provide for the expenses of the
State Government for the ensuing two years.
The general revenue fund for that period will
not exceed \$1,000,000, and already there is a
demand for \$1,077,000, which must be provided
for as follows: Salaries and contingent ex-
penses of the Executive and Judicial Depart-
ments, \$400,000; General Assembly, \$100,000;
Insane Asylum, \$125,000; Deaf Mute Institute,
\$80,000; for additional buildings for the Insane
Asylum, \$100,000; Arkansas Industrial Uni-
versity, \$40,000; interest on school fund,
\$20,000; Normal School at Pine Bluff,
\$12,000. In addition to these appropriations
\$400,000 is demanded for paying the pensions of
soldiers, \$100,000 for the Arkansas Soldiers' Home,
for the World's Fair, \$100,000; for the peni-
tentiary, \$80,000; for carrying out the
provisions of the Railroad Commission bill,
\$20,000; for mill and other expenses, \$7,000; to es-
tablish a female industrial college, \$20,000; to pay
the expenses of Coroner's inquests on con-
victs, \$3,000; salary of inspector of public
health, \$1,000; for defraying the expenses of
the Constitutional Convention, \$100,000; for
meetings which will require appropriations to
the amount of \$100,000 in excess of the re-
venue that will be collected within that period.
Nearly all the members of the General Assem-
bly are in favor of a Constitutional Conven-
tion, but on the question as to how it
should be called, many think that it should
be ordered by the Legislature; others that the
question should be submitted to the people at
a special election. The Senate has al-
ready passed the bill calling
the convention to meet on the first
Monday in December, and the House has
passed it further to the Committee on
Constitutional Amendments in which to make
their report, which means that nothing will
be done by that body until after the Senate
bill has been passed. It will come up for
consideration in the house on Friday, and
should it pass, it will result in killing the
measure providing for a railroad commission,
the establishment of a female college, and
the bills making appropriations for the Peni-
tentiary and militia, besides abolishing the
Agricultural Bureau, which, together with a
few reductions in other items, will enable the
committee to prepare a bill
which will not overreach in its demands the
collections of the coming two years.

Quoted a sensation was produced in the
House this morning during the discussion of
the resolution ordering the arrest of ex-
convicts, but all other persons connected
with the resolution were not permitted to
offer a substitute for the Senate concurrent
resolution on the subject, requesting the
Governor to cause the apprehension not only
of Woodruff, but all other persons connected
with him in the use of the State's funds. Mr.
Otley of Lee, Chairman of the Judiciary Com-
mittee, made a strong argument in favor of
the resolution, and the several figures, re-
ferring to the positions taken by certain
members in delaying measures intended to
clear the mystery and vindicate the
laws of the State. Hon. Dan A



Cooking classes and all housekeepers are specially invited to attend Barr's cake lectures, illustrating the working of Mrs. Van Deusen's patent cake moulds and measuring cups. Subject for Tuesday: Sunshine, Gold, Silver and Angel cake. Come in and sample the cakes. Also cakes on sale. And at the same time we offer some housekeeping bargains as a gloomy weather antidote; 50-foot jute clothes lines for six cents; clothes pins one cent a dozen; washboards eleven cents; large potato mashers 3 cents; nickel clocks 75 cents; alarm clocks 85 cents.

ASTONISHING bargains in wool dress fabrics. We have left over from the sale some of Frank's real French Henrietta that sold at one dollar ten cents a yard, which we are closing out for 76 cents; and a small quantity of their eighty-five-cent cashmere for 59 cents; and of their 25-cent serges we have about a dozen pieces that we offer for fifteen cents the yard. The grandest bargain in the country is the genuine French black camelette, 40 inches wide, for 48 cents a yard; and 40-inch all-wool black Henrietta for 40 cents.

We had so much bad weather last week that we are left with many odds and ends of the Frank stock on our hands. We've marked the prices all down still lower, and it's worth your while to see what these bargains are. There's odd sizes in ladies' \$4 shoes for \$1, but all small sizes; ladies' 35-cent hose for 19 cents; children's lisle thread 25c hose for 10 cents, and many other bargains in knit wear. Also very great reductions in children's caps; \$1.50 surah caps for 75 cents; Frank's 75-cent cashmere caps—only small sizes left—for 25 cents, and infants' short dresses below cost.



We have left some nicely made cashmere and alpaca dresses, black and colors, which we will sell at \$5 a suit; the trouble is there are only one or two of each size, and many sizes are all sold out. A fine chance to get a stylish dress if any of them fit you.

We are having an opening of choice new wash fabrics at Barr's. Zephyr gingham, elegant line of Roman plaids and stripes in 33-inch goods at 25c; Barnby 27-inch zephyr gingham, exclusive patterns peculiar to Barr's, only 18c a yard; pineapple tissue, new soft mull fabric 32 inches wide, china silk patterns, 14c; imported Ceylon mulls, no other house here imported a single piece, softest and most desirable goods made, 27c a yard; coin spot zephyrs, those elegant goods controlled by Barr's, full line of new colors, some of the spots 2 inches in diameter; Tartan plaids, Victoria and all the other cheerful colorings, 1800 zephyr gingham, special styles, should be secured at once; bordered zephyrs, these goods are wide enough to do for length of skirt, then 7 or 8 yards makes and trims the dress and it costs from \$3.15 to \$4, the goods being 45c to 60c a yard.



You really can't afford to miss the following: Vegetable ivory buttons, Frank Bros.' price, 5c a card; Barr's price, 2c a card. Carved ivory buttons, all colors, Frank's price, 15c a card; Barr's, 6c a card. Pearl agate buttons, Frank's price, 12c; Barr's, 5c a card. Curling irons, Frank Bros.' price, 25c; Barr's price, 15c each. Mohair trimming braid, Frank's price, 25c a piece; Barr's 10c. Feather stitched braid, Frank's price, 35c a piece; Barr's, 18c. Hose supporters, Frank Bros.' price, 15c a pair; Barr's, 5c a pair. Dress stays, Frank's price, 25c doz; Barr's, 15c.

Corner Broadway and Locust.

Your Eyes Tested Free of Charge.

Spectacles and Eye-Glasses accurately fitted by the Best Practical Opticians.
In Gold Frames - - - \$5.00 and up
In Steel Frames - - - \$1.00 and up
MERMOD & JACCARD'S, Cor. Broadway and Locust.
Repairing carefully executed. Prescriptions accurately filled. We ask a call.

WITH \$500,000,000.

WHAT A BIG COMMERCIAL TRUST COULD DO FOR ST. LOUIS TRADE.

Remedy Suggested for the Bridge Arbitrary and Other Discriminations Against St. Louis—United Action Needed and an Abandonment of the Rebate System.

The Bridge Arbitrary Committee will probably not meet for several days, as the Gates sub-committee is not ready to report yet, and it will not be until next week. The sub-committee is working hard, but it has a great pile of data to procure yet and examine and classify and the members of the committee are all gentlemen with their hands full of business of their own, and who cannot, therefore, give the time to this Bridge Arbitrary matter, as they would like to do. Mr. Wm. E. Schweppe, Chairman of the General Committee, thinks that a great deal of benefit to the commercial interests of the city will result from this agitation, even if the merchants do not get everything they have asked for, and in justice to the other members of the committee. One gentleman said this morning: "I think the St. Louis railroad men are disposed to do the fair thing; but you see, they are outvoted in the Traffic Association—outvoted by members who are friendly to Chicago. There is no good reason in the world why St. Louis should not be taken into the trunk-line territory and put on a mileage basis. With the 4-cent charge for hauling across the river, freight charges were such that all St. Louis merchants could compete with the merchants of Chicago. The Mercantile Club has joined the Merchants' Exchange in this fight, and I will say, too, in justice to the committee having the matter in charge that they are composed of first-class men, and I'm in hopes that they will all refuse any private bait thrown out to them by the railroad men and work to the last for the best interests of the whole city."

No LYNETT is in better repute or more widely known than Dr. J. H. McLean's Volcanic Oil Liniment. It is a wonderful remedy.

Deaths.
The following burial certificates were issued by the Health Department for twenty-four hours ending at 5 p. m. to-day:
Frank Ernest, 52 years, City Hospital; chronic nephritis.
Jackson McLean, 58 years, 1236 South Broadway; Bright's disease.
Katharine Nangle, 1 year, 617 Bartle avenue; pneumonia.
Amelia Reinhardt, 1 year, 1904 South Eleventh street; pneumonia.
A. E. Witting, 25 years, St. Charles Rock road; congestion of lungs.
A. E. Baunert, 33 years, 1040 Jules street; pneumonia.
Michael Hibel, 36 years, 1713 South Broadway; congestion of lungs.
Gottlieb Kuntzmeyer, 75 years, 1423 Carr street; paralysis.
Jo In W. Eckert, 82 years, 1013 North High street; cystitis.
James E. McCullough, 57 years, 1442 O'Fallon street; congestion of liver.
John Kelly, 80 years, 4047 Morgan street; bronchitis.
Alice Taylor, 5 months, 1327 South Sixth street; bronchitis.
Ferdinand Casel, 40 years, 2728 Geyer avenue; consumption.
Mary Doyle, 58 years, 809 O'Fallon street; bronchitis.
Cora Thale, 10 years, 1443 Warren street; pneumonia.
Harry Lammert, 4 years, 2616 Lyon street; inflammation of brain.
John Kelly, 80 years, 2209 Hobart street; pneumonia.
John Gecks, 45 years, 2013 Gano avenue; Bright's disease.
Mary Alburger, 73 years, 1124 North Thirteenth street; senile debility.
Samuel C. Johnson, 7 months, 817 Market street; nephritis.
Margaret Ward, 25 years, 810 South Eleventh street; consumption.
Thomas Kelley, 48 years, 3749 Cassens avenue; consumption.
Patrick Kelly, 48 years, St. John's Hospital.
Maggie Berry, 1 year, 2711 Baldwin street; convulsions.

English Rule in Egypt.
CAIRO, Feb. 23.—The Khedive is determined to stand by English protection, regardless of any remonstrance on the part of France. The plan of Justice Scott, which has aroused such bitter opposition among the natives, including practical abolition of the old abuses perpetrated by native magistrates under the guise of justice, and a reform of the judiciary as nearly as possible in accord with English methods. It is feared the Khedive's antagonism of the Egyptian officials because it cut off their unlawful perquisites in the way of extortion from litigants.

The Canadian Fisheries.
OTTAWA, Ontario, Feb. 23.—Notice has just been given by the Dominion Government that the next fishing season, Parliament will not meet for nearly two months after the season has opened, and in case the former arrangement is not in force it will cause much unpleasantness on the Atlantic coast. This would be particularly unfortunate at this juncture, and the hope is freely expressed

Archbishop Ireland.
ROME, Feb. 23.—The *Moniteur de Rome*, in its issue of to-day publishes a long eulogy on Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul, Minn., whom it considers the dominant archbishop of the United States.

Foreign News in Brief.
The woman "Carrotty Nell," whose real name was Cole, the supposed victim of "Jack the Ripper," has been buried in the East End.

Try the
Budweiser Restaurant, Sixth and Locust.
All the delicacies of the season.

German Embassy decided to supply the press with a record of the Empress' movements during her stay in Paris. But this record, being of a meager and dry description, many reporters still hunt the imperial visitor as she travels about this city. The result is that Empress Frederick has resorted to various expedients, such as leaving the German legation by an exit opening upon the street at the back of that building and proceeding on foot to her carriage, which had been previously driven to some convenient spot at the attempt to shake off the newspaper men hovering about the Embassy. Frequently the Empress and her daughter, the Princess Margaret, drive in different directions in order to create a diversion and bewilder the journalistic forces, but the latter manage to keep pretty closely on the trail of the Empress in spite of her efforts to get away from them. Yesterday evening there was a rumor circulated to the effect that the two ladies, now the center of interest in Paris, were to be present at the Lamoureux concert. Subsequently a great crowd collected in and about the vicinity of the concert hall, but the Empress and her daughter did not appear. Two Germans, however, sang Mozart and Wagner duets in German, a hazardous proceeding before the French public. The audience after hesitating for a few moments, as undecided whether to hiss or applaud, suddenly burst out into vociferous applause.

There can be no doubt that the Empress' visit to Paris has been productive here of an era of much better feeling towards Germany.

FOR A LEGACY.
A dispatch from Paris to the *London Times* says that the principal motive for the Empress Frederick's visit to Paris is the settlement of 2,000,000 francs bequeathed to her by the Duchess Galliera. This legacy, according to the *Times* correspondent, the Empress intends to apply to the furnishing and to the decoration of the Castle of Konigsberg, and is drawing heavily upon French art collections in the carrying out of this task. The Empress' visit to the French capital is supposed to be part of her complete reconciliation with Emperor William.

Scotian Justice Stephen.
LONDON, Feb. 23.—An address will probably be submitted this week in the House of Commons, looking toward the removal from active service of Sir Fitzjames Stephen of the Queen's bench division of the High Court of Justice. Justice Stephen is one of the ablest members of the English judiciary and an author of high repute on the subject of criminal law. Of late he has displayed marked eccentricity on the bench, so much so that the counsel in the Lyddon poisoning case asked to have the case removed from Justice Stephen's jurisdiction, alleging, however, another cause, although the real reason was well understood. Owing to the fact that Justice Stephen's peculiarities have displayed themselves more conspicuously since the trial of the Lyddon case, the case when he charged strongly to convict, young Lyddon, who is accused wholly on circumstantial evidence of poisoning his brother, was afraid to have the case tried before Stephen.

THE DOCKERS' TROUBLES.
LONDON, Feb. 23.—The aspect of affairs in regard to the dockers' dispute is not so black as expected this morning. The wholesale article, which it was expected would be declared to-day, has not occurred. The unionists are at work upon ships belonging to companies outside of the shipping federation. A large detail of police is held in readiness to subdue any disorders.

LORD RANDOLPH CHURCHILL.
LONDON, Feb. 23.—Lord Randolph Churchill, addressing a meeting of his constituents at South Paddington, urged that the Government should be more sympathetic in its labor policy. He also said he favored the founding of state boards of arbitration.

THE ANTI-IRISH MEETING AT CARRICKONSHANNON.
The anti-Irish meeting at Carrickonshannon, the capital of County Leitrim, yesterday was broken up by Parnell sympathizers. Messrs. Healy, Jordan and Matthew Kenny were present at the meeting.

THE BELMONT FUND.
Archbishop Walsh has written a letter, published in the newspapers of this city, which he says that six priests, responding to an invitation to assist in the administration of the Zeland-Balfour fund, attended a meeting of the Belmont Relief Committee at Belmont, County Mayo, but upon learning that they would not be allowed to have effective control of the distribution they withdrew. The Archbishop says that the same action will be taken by priests in other districts.

The Empress Frederick.
PARIS, Feb. 23.—The Empress Frederick of Germany took lunch yesterday with the Baron de Lucher, the Bavarian Charge d'Affaires, where she met Hon. Whiteley Reid, the United States Minister, and Mrs. Reid and Lord Lytton, the British Ambassador, and Lady Lytton. The Prefect of the Seine, M. Poubelle, has informed Count von Munster, the German Ambassador, in reply to a communication received from the latter in regard to the possibly over zealous attention which the Empress has received from the French reporters, that he, the Prefect, is unable to interfere with the representative of the press. Upon receiving this notification the officials of the

THE MITCHELL OFFICE AND BANK BUILDING SALE AT AUCTION!

By Order of the St. Louis Circuit Court,
Thursday, March 12,
1891,
12 O'Clock, Noon.

For Full Particulars get the Official Circular from
PAPIN & TONTRUP,
S. E. Cor. 7th and Chestnut Sts.

SICK HEADACHE
Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Bile, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Pears' Soap
(Scented and Unscented) SECURES A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION. OF ALL DRUGGISTS.

BEECHAM'S PILLS
ACT LIKE MAGIC ON A WEAK STOMACH. 25 Cents a Box. OF ALL DRUGGISTS.

DRUNKENNESS
LIQUOR HABIT. IN ALL THE WORLD THERE IS BUT ONE CURE DR. HAINES' GOLDEN SPECIFIC.

Prepare For Spring
By Building up Your System So as to Prevent That Tired Feeling Or Other Illness. Now Take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

CATARRH!
For 25 years I have had catarrh and my ears also were terribly affected and I was unable to hear. I have used many remedies but nothing has done me any good until I used Hood's Sarsaparilla. I can truly say that I am just about entirely cured. I do this work if anyone will give it a trial. With Toledo, St. L. & N. C. M. H.

THE MEAD REMEDY CO.
Twelfth and Olive Sts., St. Louis.

LOWEN KIDNEY PILLS.
St. Louis and Cape Girardeau Tri-Weekly Packet.

Str. IDEWILD.
J. H. GRIFFITH, Master. HON. TAYLOR, Co. Mates on MONDAY and FRIDAY.

Children Cry
For FITCH'S CASTORIA

FRANCIS-HALL COMBINE.

COL. JOE RICEY SAYS IT WILL DOWN BOTH THE OLD PARTIES.

And Make Leland Stanford the Next President of the Union—A Big Split in the Missouri Democracy Foreshadowed—A Missourian Talks Politics.

The following is from the telegraph columns of the Cincinnati Enquirer and of considerable interest in Missouri:

AN ALLIANCE PRESIDENT.

"You believe that from each of the parties there will be absorbed by this Alliance party sufficient votes to elect a President?"

"I believe that if this proposition is properly understood and the people are so educated for knowledge at this time—I believe it will be understood that whatever party goes to the country upon this issue in 1892 will carry it."

"You believe that it will receive a sufficient number of electoral votes to elect a President?"

"See, sir."

"And not throw the election into the House of Representatives?"

"Yes."

"How can as good a Democrat as you are reconcile himself to these views?"

"Why am I good Democrat? I will answer by saying because I believe the Democratic party, the principles that it has advocated and is now advocating are nearer to the interests of the American people than the Republican party, but if the Democratic party refuses to give aid to the country in a new party, undoubtedly demanding I am for the party that will give it."

WET STANFORD SHOULD BE THE MAN.

"Have you any objection to your mind as to a proper candidate for such party?"

"It seems to me that the author of this bill, Gov. Stanford, would be more acceptable to this great body of profiting classes than any one whose name has been mentioned in connection with it."

"Is he not involved in corporate enterprises, railroads, etc., that might weigh against him?"

"Yes, Gov. Stanford is connected, or has been, at least, with some of the greatest enterprises in this country—the Central Pacific Railroad and other railroads in California, and he is reputed to possess a large fortune."

But Gov. Stanford, like Peabody, Peter Cooper and many other men who are in the great fortune, is using and expects to donate his great fortune for the purpose of educating and preparing this class we refer to—the agricultural, or farming classes—with all the modern educational facilities that any university in the world is capable of giving. He has built and endowed the greatest university in the world and has devoted it for the education of the farming classes. Now having shown this great concern for this class, and having conceived this idea of relieving the great masses on the money question, and having established a reputation as a business man that few men in the United States possess, being a man of undoubted integrity and sincerity, it seems to me that with such a candidate it would remove all doubts or apprehensions on the part of the more conservative that should be elected, the affairs of this nation would be directed as well as they have been directed by any man who has ever occupied the presidential chair."

"No Democrat who agrees with him on financial views can refuse to vote for him for the reason that his vote against the force bill and in favor of free coinage makes him as good a Democrat as Governor Stanford."

"No Republican who agrees with him on that issue can refuse to vote for him, for his loyalty and patriotism to the Government in her hour of peril were thoroughly proved when he was California's War Governor."

"And you, believing that he would be elected, believe that Congress will be carried in sympathy with his own views?"

"Undoubtedly. As I said once before in a short interview, a force that will beat Ingalls in Kansas and in California, will beat Ingalls in Missouri. The mechanic, shoemaker, carpenter, harnessmaker, the tradesman, are all in the ranks of the agricultural classes. If the farmer succeeds they succeed."

CLEVELAND SILENT.

"You do not believe Cleveland is a candidate under any circumstances?"

"Most positively not."

"Well, Col. Ricey, in dismissing Mr. Cleveland, and in making the above authoritative statement you have made, who is the coming man whom the people will support that is in line with the West and South on economic questions?"

"There has come into existence," said he, "in the last year and a half an organization known as the FARMERS' ALLIANCE."

The reason this organization was that neither party would take advanced steps to relieve the agricultural masses in the way of increasing their production, in other words, giving them sufficient money. * * *

I am credibly informed by those who have access to their rolls that there are over 4,000,000 voters now in the organization, and that by 1892 they confidently expect 6,000,000, which is one half of the entire voting population of the United States. Their principal complaint and demand is more money."

STANFORD AND MORE MONEY.

"How are you going to get more money?"

"It is the duty of the Government to provide a sufficiency of money as money is needed to provide police protection and postal facilities. Now, if we have not sufficient gold and silver as a basis for money, it is the duty of the Government to provide an additional basis."

"How would you suggest, then, to make such a provision?"

"I think the idea that has been suggested, and which has been presented to the Congress of the United States in the shape of a bill by Gov. Leland Stanford of California, the most practical, sound and the best method of providing money that has been suggested by any human being. * * *

"In my opinion, and of course it is my individual opinion, the Alliance will nominate a presidential candidate in 1892, and invite all men of both parties who are in sympathy with them to co-operate with them."

"What effect do you think this will have on the other two parties?"

"I think it will draw as large a number from both of the parties as will remain in them. In other words, I believe that one half of the Republican party to-day is in sympathy with this movement, as well as one half, if not more, of the Democratic party, for the reason that the idea set forth and aims and purposes of this great organization are for the relief of the great body politic."

Special Dispatch to the Enquirer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 20.—Col. Joseph K. Ricey is in Washington, a keen observer of events. Col. Ricey has a legal residence in Calloway County, Mo., but his travel is so varied that it may be well said the boundless continent is his abiding place. * * *

His relations with ex-Congressman Morrison of Illinois are more than friendly, the bond between the two being the fact that they are the closest intimates, as was with David and Jonathan of old. With Grover Cleveland his friendship has been close, and for the man the Colonel has ever been the warmest admiration. Senator Vest and the gallant Colonel likewise are closely allied in reciprocal union of the warmest friendship. In his own Western State Mr. Ricey emphasizes his judgment and political prestige, and to a great extent, controls its political action. The present young Governor of Missouri, who is rather of the stepping-stone to the state office he now holds through the majority of St. Louis, owes much to Col. Ricey and those who act with him for support which he has almost thirty years advanced him to the highest political notch within the Statehood.

Budweiser Restaurant.

Fine dinners, all delicacies, prompt service. Harry Lambert, manager, sixth near Locust.

ATTRACTIONS OF THE WEEK.

Opening Performances at the Theaters Last Evening—Amusement Notes.

Mr. James O'Neill opened an engagement at the Olympic in an elaborate production of Henry Irving's version of "The Dead Heart."

The audience was large and enthusiastic in approval, Mr. O'Neill receiving several calls before the curtain during the performance.

"Superba," the new spectacular pantomime production of the Haulons, opened at Pope's yesterday with two immense audiences and with unmistakable evidence of success.

Annie Ward Tiffany in her new play, "The Shepherdess," inaugurated her engagement with two fine houses afternoon and evening at Havlin's.

Hyde's Star Specialty Co. returned to the Standard yesterday and gave a varied programme which secured the approval of good matinee and evening audiences.

The engagement of Agnes Huntington in Pianquette's successful opera, "Paul Jones," will begin at the Grand Opera-house to-night.

Miss Huntington, who is credited with a strong hit in the opera, will be supported by her own English opera company.

Amusement Notes.

Agnes Herndon has abandoned the idea of trying another starring tour this season.

Henrietta Crossman has been re-engaged by Daniel Frohman for the Lyceum Theater.

Bobby Gaylor is to star in a farce comedy called "Fox and Geese" next season under the management of W. A. Brady.

The McCall Opera Co. is booked for a summer season in New York with a new opera. The date set for the opening is April 27.

W. A. Mestayer intends to go out shortly with his farce-comedy, "The Grab Bag."

George Denham has been engaged for the comedy role in "The Struggle of Life," which Frederick Paulding is to produce next season.

A number of Memphis capitalists are interested in the launching of Lucille La Verne, a Southern girl, who contemplates starring shortly.

Sarah Bernhardt receives \$300 a performance during her present American tour and a certain percentage on all profits exceeding a given sum.

It is rumored that Grace Henderson, formerly of the Lyceum Theater company, will be a member of the stock company which Augustus Pitou is forming.

Little Irene Franklin of Pete Baker's was taken suddenly ill while playing with Pete Baker's Co. in New York and will not be able to appear again for several weeks.

Mr. Chas. W. Dickson will star next season under the management of Marcus R. Mayer and George W. Lederer, in a new farce-comedy written by Mrs. Pacheco, wife of a former Governor of California.

James Owen O'Connor writes that he is studying hard to take a degree in medicine. He is already a licensed clergyman and lawyer. He says that he will take out no more dramatic companies.—*Dramatic Mirror.*

Bessie France and Helen Keating have signed with Matthews Smyth's "Hiss and Hoos" company. The people are nearly all secured, but the management think best to refrain from announcing several of the engagements.

Helen Bertram, Digby Bell, Laura Joyce Bell, Fred Frear, Josephine Knapp and W. Rochester have signed with Manager Askin.

McCall company the best stock opera company in America.

"Love and War," which will be presented at the Garden Theater, New York, after the Bernhardt engagement, is C. Hadden Chambers' adaptation of "Devant l'Enferni."

This play ran more than two hundred nights at the Paris Ambigu.

The comedy sold at the Annie Russell testimonial was designed by the clever May Robinson of the Lyceum company. The cover was embellished by a pretty photograph of the actress.

Miss Russell, as Elaine Russell, has made what appeared a fac-simile of her autograph.

The vaunted glories of a star's position in a theatrical company are well known. In New York last week after seven performances the subscribers of the company were happy in the possession of their full salaries.

They were paid, however, from the box office as his share of the week's profits just \$3.25.

Miss Clara Quilitz, the premiere of the Crystal Slipper company, is about to go home to Berlin to visit her mother. She will return, however, in time for the summer production at the Chicago Opera-house. She is under contract to David Henderson for five years. It is said that she is about to be married to Lee Harrison, the comedian.

Mrs. Ellen Thorne, the widow of the late Charles R. Thorne, Jr., died at Boston on the 21st of instant.

Mrs. Thorne was a well-known actress, and was widely known among members of the profession, although she never appeared on the stage herself. Her daughter Grace is the leading actress of the Hiss and Hoos company; she is the wife of Grace Coulter.

Mary Bradford Crowninshield has written a farce-comedy entitled "The Ladies' Club," which several managers are at present considering. It is said to rely upon the snappishness of its clever lines rather than horseplay, and the situations are well sustained and naturally arrived at.

Mrs. Crowninshield will be remembered as the author of an article in reply to Max O'Rell's remarks in the January number of the *New American Review* upon the hotel of America.

McKee Rankin, owing to a disagreement between himself and his manager, Chauncey Pulsifer, has had considerable trouble recently, which culminated in the audience being prematurely dismissed by Mr. Rankin.

Close of the third act of "The Canuck," at the Hot Springs Opera-house, Mr. Rankin denounced Mr. Pulsifer from the stage.

Mr. Rankin, with the local manager, followed, in which the audience took a part. Money was refunded at the box office.—*Dramatic Mirror.*

The McCall Opera Co. will produce a new comic opera at the Chicago Opera-house in April. The book is by Harry B. Smith, author of "Robin Hood" and other popular librettos.

The musical comedy "The House of the Rising Sun" is the most sprightly French vein. The title of the opera is "The Tar and the Tar."

The scene is laid on the coast of Barbary, that wonderful land of romance, people with mustachioed Turks and dark-eyed houris. The story is new and a number of startling and original effects are promised.

Digby Bell will be immensely pleased with his part.

An advertisement inserted in a dramatic weekly for a number of youngsters to represent a portion of the retinue of "A Haulon," the new comedy with spectacular and farce elements to be sent on a tour next season under the direction of Alex. Comstock of the Academy, New York, brought forth, among a couple of dozen neatly written replies, an application clumsily scribbled in pencil on a soiled and torn piece of manila paper with the following unique plea: "Dis an rit like some of de under letters blokes will send ye and mebbe you fire it in de basket. I'm 11 years old—ant got no fader an' neaver had a mudder. In summer I kin ketch on rite, but its a purty tam tar witer an' it beats all hell de way a fellows got to hussel in dis world to keep a hed de de peression."

Mr. Comstock hired him.

VISITING CARDS.

We only charge \$1.50 for 100 fine cards and engraved copper plate.

WEDDING INVITATIONS.

We execute the finest; our prices the lowest.

MEMPHIS & JACARD JEWELRY CO., Broadway, between Locust and Locust.

Samples mailed on application.

PROF. J. K. ROSEMER will give a lecture on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock on Jewish and general historical subjects, illustrated with stereoscopic views of the places spoken of.

REAL ESTATE INTERESTS.

A MERCANTILE CLUB BUILDING FOURTEEN STORIES HIGH.

Chicago Contractor's Proposition to Erect the Structure at Seventh and Locust—Bids for the Suburban Electric Road—Senator Proctor's \$24,000 Investment.

The ninety-nine year lease of the Shaw property, at the southwest corner of Seventh and Locust streets, the site for the new Mercantile Club building, was formally executed Friday, and arrangements are now being made to commence the improvement. Hon. John H. Terry, Vice-President of the club, says that this enterprise has engaged the attention of some of the most prominent building contractors of Chicago, who have been here conferring with officials of the club with a view to getting the job of putting up the building.

One firm which has already had some profitable experience in erecting large buildings in this city says that the ideas of moneyed men of Chicago with reference to the St. Louis have changed wonderfully within the past few months, and that now, in place of calling this an "old fogy town" they are agreed that it is "the liveliest corner they ever kicked" and are anxiously looking for opportunities to invest their money here.

As an evidence of the earnestness of such talk this Chicago firm has proposed in a general way to put up a fourteen-story building for the Mercantile Club, fully completed the structure and to turn over the keys to it without the advance of a dollar, with the further obligation on their part to negotiate a loan of three-fourths the entire cost of the building.

That the club members will raise the remaining one-quarter of the amount of money necessary, whatever that sum may be, in round figures it is roughly estimated that the building suggested will cost \$200,000. This would leave, say \$250,000 for local parties to raise, a very insignificant amount considering the character of the improvement to be made. Of this amount about \$150,000 has already been subscribed for a much inferior structure, and considering the liberal proposition from Chicago, Mr. Terry is of the opinion that there will be but very little trouble experienced in making up the balance among the club members.

The new suburban electric road.

Charles H. Turner arrived home from New York this morning much pleased with the progress made while away in contracting for a complete electric system for the St. Louis & Suburban Railway. In his enthusiasm Mr. Turner said that he was not ready to talk yet for publication, but he remarked, "it will not be long before the St. Louis & Suburban Railway will be astonished at the change we will make in the old cable and narrow gauge road. We will have the finest equipment that can be made. The cars will be something like those on the Washington avenue electric line, and what is better still we are going to have noiseless motors. They are in the works now, and I tell you they are fine; these noiseless motors are a great thing. In Boston they are using coaches thirty-two feet long and they work splendidly."

Mr. Turner was very busy catching up with the business that had accumulated during his absence. He was surrounded by a great pile of letters, and among the lot were bids from car builders who want the contract to furnish the entire equipment. These contracts have not been let yet, but will be done in a few days, and then the next step will be to contract for the reconstruction of the road bed.

INVESTED \$24,000.

Senator John N. Proctor, who is largely interested in St. Louis real estate, has invested \$24,000 in improved real estate in St. Louis, purchase having been negotiated for him by the R. C. Greer Real Estate Co. The premises bought for the Senator include the new two-story brick store and flat building with a frontage of 125 feet on the south line of Easton avenue by a depth of 70 feet at the southeast corner of Ewing avenue.

In this building there are four store-rooms and eight flats above of four rooms each, the annual rental from the property being \$3,400 a year. For this improved property the consideration was \$24,000. Adjoining these premises there is a vacant lot of sixty-eight feet, taking in all the space on Ewing avenue to the alley, along which the irregular shaped plot runs to a depth of sixty-four feet. This also was purchased by Senator Proctor, the consideration being \$3,000. Both these properties belonged to E. W. Lee, Sr., and Dr. J. H. Johnston.

The R. C. Greer Real Estate Co. also report the sale of 70x205 feet of ground on the north side of Ashland avenue, about 1,100 feet west of Sarah a street, at \$6.75 a foot from Col. F. Ensminger of Jacksonville, Ill., to A. M. Newton of the National Stock Yards in East St. Louis. This ground adjoins the 100 feet sold by the same agency a few days since at \$9 a foot to Geo. C. Lehr.

It was reported that a lot on McCasland boulevard in Denver, East St. Louis, at \$10 a foot from F. W. Carr.

OTHER SALES.

Joseph A. Duffy & Co. report the sale of a house and 60x135 feet of ground located on the north side of Perdue avenue, 10 feet east of Ivanhoe, for \$3,000, from Julia Garstide and Mrs. J. A. Duffy to Edward Carr.

Wm. C. Wilson & Co. report the sale of 18x25 feet of ground on the south line of University street, between Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth streets, at \$30 a foot, from George H. Wilson to Mrs. George H. Brueggemann, who is going to improve the locality.

"Majestic" and "Teutonic"

Are the names of those two beautiful new compartment sleeping cars about which everybody is talking. They are being run on terms. They are running daily in night trains on Chicago & Alton Railroad between St. Louis and Chicago. Solid vestibuled trains to Kansas City, Alton and St. Louis.

Ticket offices: 216 North Broadway and Union Depot.

FUNERAL OF DR. FISHER AT COLUMBIA—News Notes and Gossip.

COLUMBIA, Mo., Feb. 23.—The funeral of Dr. M. M. Fisher took place yesterday afternoon. The funeral occurred in the auditorium of the University and the attendance was exceedingly large. Dr. Fisher has been a Presbyterian minister since early manhood.

NOTES FROM FERGUSON, MO.

FERGUSON, Mo., Feb. 23.—Mr. Dave Layton has returned from Kentucky with several fine horses.

Mr. E. B. Newton, who sold his house and lot some time since, has moved his family to St. Louis.

Mrs. M. A. Corey and daughter, Miss Josie Corey, visited Mrs. Chas. W. Gause yesterday.

The members of the Episcopal Church have rented the Mason Hall, where they will hold regular Sunday service, until their new church is erected.

Mr. Chas. W. Gause left last night for Michigan, where he will be gone a couple of weeks.

Mr. George Bain is again confined to his bed with an attack of rheumatism. He has been quite ill but is now convalescent.

Senator John B. Pollard spent Saturday and Sunday with his family in Ferguson. He returned to Jefferson City this morning.

The Florissant Valley Council, 1,073, Royal Arcanum, will hold their regular meeting Tuesday night.

Mrs. Buchanan of Kentucky is visiting Mrs. Dr. Layton.

For Diabetes.

Use Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

Dr. E. J. Williamson, St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have tested this medicine in cases of diabetes with marked beneficial results, and am well pleased with the medicinal qualities of the preparation."

B. Nugent & Bro.

Grand Opening of New Dress Goods.

Our spring importations have all been received, and to-morrow morning we will make a display of our entire stock. Now is the best time to make selections; the stock is complete, and first choice will be the best.

French Novelty Robes.

We are showing a rich assortment of the latest French Novelty, new weaves, new designs, new colorings. One of the handiest is a Camel's-hair Cheviot, large broken plaid, with broche woven spots of a contrasting color; the price of this beauty is \$20 for the full pattern. Another exquisite novelty, simple but very elegant, is a large swirl spot on a cheviot ground, the gray grounds having a black spot and the tans a brown spot, also \$20 for a full pattern. Our richest Parisian novelty is a large, rough camel's-hair spot on cheviot ground, very stylish and a bargain at the price asked, \$25 for a full pattern.

Richly braided and embroidered French Robe Pattern Dresses, solid sleeves of braiding, with braided collar and pockets to match, from \$15 to \$35 for a full pattern.

Grenadine Pattern Dresses, all black grounds, with crescents and large spots of latest colors, at \$22.50 and \$25 a full pattern.

Rough Bourette Camel's-hair Plaids, a white serge ground with mignonette camel's-hair plaid; a white serge ground with golden tan camel's-hair plaid; a white serge ground with "old blue" camel's-hair plaid; a white serge ground with black camel's-hair plaid; this superb line at \$2.50 a yard.

A beautiful assortment of Imported Scotch Cheviot Suitings, every thread pure wool of the finest grade, latest and choicest mixtures and colorings, special value from \$1.25 to \$1.75 a yard.

Plain and self-colored herring bone stripe Camel's-hair, English make, natural undyed colors, with long hairs, 42 inches wide, at \$1.25 a yard.

Navy blue English Storm Serge, for steamer dresses; we guarantee that sea water will not change or injure the color, 42 inches wide, at \$1.25 a yard.

French Serges, black grounds, with fine silk stripings of gold, sage green, rose, yellow and white, at \$1.25 a yard.

Jacquard Camel's-hair Broche, new blues, grays and tans, cheap at \$1.50 a yard.

Black and White French Serge Plaids, all wool (small and large patterns), 40 inches wide, \$1.00 a yard.

Cashmere Diagonal broken Checks and Plaids for blazers and tailor-made suits, 50 inches wide, \$1.50 a yard.

Splendid assortment of All-wool Foulle Plaids, choicest colorings and combinations, 40 inches wide and a bargain at 75c a yard.

Beautiful Bourette Plaids, all wool, latest styles never before shown, and only 50c a yard.

New French Challies.

Just opened, 200 pieces new French Challies, best Paris makes, best all-wool goods, newest and richest designs and colorings, and at lowest prices.

New Silks.

Grand Opening Display of New Goods To-Morrow, Feb. 24.

Swivel Surah, black ground with yellow figure, black ground with white figure, black ground with red figure; this lot at \$1.25 a yard.

24-inch imported Lyons Surah, all black grounds, with entirely new styles of colored figures, an elegant novelty and a bargain at \$1.25 a yard.

22-inch Figured China Crepes, both in black and white grounds, at \$1.75 a yard.

24-inch All-Silk Grenadines, black grounds, with plaids of all colors, just off the looms and cheap at \$1.75 a yard.

24-inch black hemstitched Surah Silk at \$1.25 a yard.

New and handsome printed China Silks at 80c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00 a yard.

New Grenadines.

We ask special attention to our assortment of New Silk Grenadines.

New All-Silk Grenadines at 50c a yard.

New Brocade Silk Grenadines at 65c a yard.

Rich and handsome Silk Grenadines at 75c a yard.

New Brocade and Striped Silk Grenadines at \$1 a yard.

New Satin Striped Black Grenadines at \$1.10 a yard.

New Satin Striped Black Grenadine, with polka dot, in satin stripe, at \$1.25 a yard.

Brocade Surah Striped Black Grenadine at \$1.35 a yard.

A beautiful assortment of Black Checks, Plaids and Brocades in Silk Grenadines, at \$1.50 a yard.

Satin Bordered Silk Grenadine, 44 inches wide, at \$3.00 a yard.

New Spring Wraps and Jackets Just Opened.

B. Nugent & Bro.

Grand Opening Display of New Goods To-Morrow, Feb. 24.

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22-inch Figured China Cre

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.
JOSEPH FULTZGER, President.

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One year, postage paid, every afternoon and Sunday morning.....\$10.00
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The Sunday Post-Dispatch.

Its Circulation Year by Year.

1888.....1,484,070 Copies
Average, 27,058.
1889.....1,565,081 Copies
Average, 29,905.
1890.....2,306,664 Copies
Average, 44,868.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1891.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—Agnes Huntington, OLYMPIA—James O'Neill, POPPY'S THE HALLIONS—"Superba," HAYES'S—The Little Boy in the Blue, STANDARD—Hyde's Star Specialty Co.

Weather forecast for twenty-four hours, beginning at a. m. to-day, for Missouri: Increasing cloudiness and local rains; fresh southerly winds; slightly warmer; rain Tuesday.

SENATOR QUAY'S departure from his policy of silence has furnished convincing proof of its wisdom.

THE Illinois "Big Three" are serving the Republicans well by giving them the opportunity of delay.

In opposing subsidy grants the Democrats are again warranted in delaying Congressional work.

THE new Secretary of the Treasury has proved himself an able financier for the new Secretary of the Treasury.

It would cost the State a great deal of money to remove the capital from Jefferson City, but it will cost it more to keep it there.

It will be noted that while Senator QUAY is sure that he is an innocent man he is not sure that he can prove it to the satisfaction of a jury.

ONE pleasing result which a removal of the State Capital would bring about would be the practical extinction of the official hamlet called Jefferson City.

It is possible that the Independent citizens' movement may show up in time to enter a grumble over the election of a lot of politicians to the Municipal Assembly.

THE best souvenir of the Sherman funeral is a copy of yesterday's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH, which contained the fullest and finest report of it illustrated and enhanced in value by most interesting reminiscences of the dead hero.

ONE of the most important measures on the Senate calendar which should be passed before adjournment is the Torrey bankruptcy bill. It only needs the favorable action of the Senate and the President's signature to become a law and this result is demanded by the commercial interests of the country.

THE engrossing clerks who were caught in an attempt to boodle will doubtless receive condign punishment from the State Legislature. They were guilty of unpardonable offenses in running a boodle shop out of their own account and in giving a cut rate of \$2 each on votes. The indignation of the State legislators is just.

THE birthday of WASHINGTON is no longer celebrated in St. Louis, but the omission is less to be regretted this year than usual. On Feb. 21 the citizens of St. Louis had the pleasure of seeing the Governor of the State riding at the head of the State Militia and wearing a beautiful new plaid hat.

At the Sherman funeral in New York the Lieutenant-Governor of the State and the Mayor of the city rode in carriages with the other distinguished guests from civil life. Their places in the procession were less conspicuous but more dignified than those occupied by the Governor of Missouri and the Mayor of St. Louis at the funeral Saturday.

THE value of the service which the POST-DISPATCH performed for St. Louis in demanding and showing the necessity for a recount of the population is demonstrated by the final figures. The deficit of 50,000 from the city's population

by the discovery of a blunder in the count would have given St. Louis a lower place than fifth on the list of cities if the original census enumeration had been allowed to stand.

STANFORD IN MISSOURI POLITICS.

The Cincinnati Enquirer publishes a four-column interview with Col. JOSEPH K. RICEY, the King of Calloway, who is vouched for by the Enquirer's Washington correspondent as the man who controls the political action of Missouri and has a particularly powerful pull on Senator Vest and the present young Governor of Missouri.

According to this interview Col. RICEY has "undoubted authority" for the statement that Mr. CLEVELAND was with difficulty dissuaded from publishing a letter declaring that he would under no circumstances be a candidate for President again, and that his subsequently published silver letter was the act of one who had no idea of ever being a candidate for the Presidency again. Col. RICEY then goes on to announce himself a convert to the Stanford idea of lending Government money on land, and to express his belief that on this platform the Farmers' Alliance will run a candidate for President in 1892 and that he will have the sympathy and support of half the Republican voters and probably more than half the Democrats and be elected. Not only this, but Col. RICEY declares himself ready to join and lead the Democrats who desert their party to support STANFORD, whom he eulogizes as a man of the People and Peter Cooper kind, whose benevolence to farmers and whose votes against the force bill and for free coinage "make him as good a Democrat as GORMAN, VEST or Voorhees."

This publication was not needed to substantiate the report that STANFORD's newspaper bureau is already organized and that a certain sort of politicians are "bleeding" him very freely. But as a revelation of the calculations and expectations of the Francis-Rickey combination with the President of the Farmers' Alliance in Missouri, it should be very interesting to the Democrats of Missouri. They are now told very plainly that it means LELAND STANFORD, the great monopolist, for President, HALL for Governor, FRANCIS for Senator in COCKRELL's place. How do they like it?

THE failure of tariff protection as a regulator of wages is exemplified in the shutting down of some twenty furnaces in Pennsylvania and Ohio for the reason that their imported labor insists on wages so high that they cannot compete with the cheaper negro labor of the Alabama furnaces. It is said that the milder climate and cheaper living in Alabama enable her furnaces to obtain labor at half the price paid in Pennsylvania, and that when competition with foreign pauper labor no longer furnishes Mr. CARNegie an excuse for cutting wages, he finds it in competition with the pauper labor of the South.

In his speech at the Brandenburg dinner in his honor the German Emperor remarked: "An ocean of printing ink and paper is lavished to embarrass and darken everything lying clear before us." The view of a free use of printing ink and paper as "darkening everything" is altogether novel, but from the standpoint of an Emperor who wants to perpetuate Caesarism in this enlightened age it is doubtless embarrassing and "darkening" to his prospects.

THE Legislature is favorably disposed towards the bill prohibiting indecent newspapers. It is not easy to prove just what kind of a publication is indecent, but we may remark that there is a law against publishing lottery advertisements, and while there is no room for doubt as to what constitutes a lottery advertisement, there is no attention paid to the enforcement of the law and it is violated with impunity.

How the Census Was Dwarfed.
From the New York World.

In spite of Mr. Porter's decree of silence the Assembly Committee is getting at some of the facts as to how the census of this city was taken.

Alfred B. Thiem, an enumerator in 1880 and 1890, yesterday testified that his portfolio was called in before it was possible for him to complete his enumeration, and that his report of the fact and request for time had no effect. When the work was stopped he had enumerated 300 persons in his district, which he testified contained about 5,000. He specifically mentions two large tenement-houses containing about 400 persons which he could not canvass at all.

In brief, the testimony of this expert witness shows that by the orders of the bureau the work of enumeration in his district was peremptorily stopped when only about three-fifths done. Mr. Thiem further testifies that seventy-eight names returned by him were "lost or stolen" after the records left his hands.

Dearer Goods for Cheaper Men.
From the Philadelphia Telegraph.

For an American Statesman to be quite content is not common, and though Mr. McKinley has nothing to say now about higher wages, the new tariff having been in operation four and a half months, he very frankly admits the higher prices of the necessities of life, especially of clothing. But he is not inconsistent regarding them. He still maintains that cheap cost is nasty and not American. He rejoices that the coachman's coat is dearer under his act than under the tariff of 1883, but he expresses no grief that the workingman's wages are not so much higher as to enable him to readily buy the dearer coat which is American and not nasty.

The Rich Man's Party.
From the Atlanta Constitution.

If the signs of the times mean anything, the Republicans will be defeated in the next national election, and it is no rash prediction to say that they will be on the losing side for a long time to come. But, although the party is essentially a war party, it is safe to say that it will not disband and disappear. This organization has gradually become the aggressive representative of the political, economic and social theories advocated by

Alexander Hamilton. In a word, the central idea of Republicanism is that this is a rich man's government, in which the poor should have no rights and no voice.

Press Subsidies.

Some time ago a well-known lecturer made a plea for an endowed press for promulgating Republicanism. This beautiful and paternal principle will apply just as well to journalism as to commerce. The paper which is only moderately unpopular should receive a small subsidy, and the paper which is very unpopular should receive a very large subsidy. Unpopularity should be taken in every case as the true gauge of a journal's Republicanism, and the Government subsidy maintenance be dish out in proportion.

Sherman's Span of Life.

From the St. Paul Globe.
Gen. Sherman was the only one of the more noted Union commanders who lived beyond his seventieth year. Grant, Sheridan, Thomas, Hancock, McClellan, Meade, Warren, McDowell, Hooker, Burnside and Logan all dropped into soldiers' graves before reaching the moderate limit of life. Among the family names of generals of the war still living are Rosecrans, Buell, Butler, Banks, Howard and Palmer, all past 70.

MEN OF MARK.

In Russia there are to-day twenty-seven imperial princes.
DR. C. A. EASTMAN is a Sioux Indian in large practice in Boston.

It is reported that the Vanderbilts are purchasing Michigan iron mines.

GUNPOWDER, the veteran composer, spends most of his spare time playing dominoes.

HANNIBAL HAMILTON at 82 can make a rattling speech, which younger orators can only envy.

MARK TWAIN, among other equally big investments, has \$170,000 sunk in a typesetting machine.

HERKIEBEN was a little boor in his boyhood, and even his brothers and sisters disliked him.

GEN. LOWE LACLAKE says that a poultice of mustard and garlic applied to the soles of the feet will cure rheumatism in one night.

TIMOTHY M. HEALY, the leader of the anti-Farrell faction of the Irish Home-Rulers, is still a young man, being only in his 36th year.

LORD TENNYSON is well known for his apprehension of being nobled, and many stories are circulated in regard to this monomania.

A BERLIN Hebrew banker has given a million francs and twenty-five acres of land for the purpose of establishing a hospital in which the Koch system is to be demonstrated.

JOHN E. PARSONS of New York, while claiming the largest practice of any member of the bar in this country, has also received the highest single fee—\$400,000—from the Sugar Trust.

MISSOURI has an abiding hatred for Americans. Though they bought his pictures with a generous hand and paid excessive prices for their detestation was bitter and outspoken.

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

QUEEN VICTORIA has expended \$3,000,000 on memorials to the Prince Consort.

MRS. CALHOUN, sister of Gen. Custer, bears a resemblance to her dead hero-brother.

MRS. SCHLESINGER intends shortly to resume an effort to close her husband's excavations at Hissarlik.

PRESIDENT GARFIELD died nearly ten years ago and his devoted widow still wears mourning as deep as that she assumed on the day of his funeral.

CATHARINE CAMPBELL, who claimed to be a daughter of Thomas Campbell, the poet, died in Glasgow a short time since in humble circumstances.

AMONG the special students at Bryn Mawr College is Miss Tanaka, a Japanese woman, who is the teacher of English in the Peabody School at Tokio.

GAIL HAMILTON is a very pleasant reader and it is a society pleasure to see her conducting a Bible talk in Mr. Blaine's drawing-room every Sunday afternoon.

MRS. HUNGERFORD, the "Duchess" of current fiction, is a brown-haired woman with merry eyes and a youthful disposition, though she is the mother of six children.

LARRY BROWNE, the fashionable English beauty whose name was made prominent in the reports of the card scandal at Tranby Croft, is one of the richest heiresses in England.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

READER.—Trade dollars are only worth their value as bullion.

SUBSCRIBER.—The expression that you quote is perfectly correct.

READER.—Maps of the city named can be obtained at any of the libraries.

READER.—The full list of hotel arrivals are not published in the daily papers.

J. B.—Send the list of your coins to some dealer, who will give you the desired information.

TOM.—The limit of weight for packages sent by mail is four pounds. This does not apply to books.

READER.—A girl of 17 years of age cannot dispose of her property by will in the State of Tennessee.

D. L. E.—The statistics concerning the population of the town you mention have not yet been published.

READER.—The fees at the Public Library are \$1 for annual membership and \$1 for a four months' membership.

SUBSCRIBER.—Sherman was the last man to hold the rank of General. On his retirement no successor was appointed.

CATHARINE.—Dr. Koch's lymph is not supposed to cure catarrh. 2. You are wrong in supposing the word to be spelt catarrh.

BUT HE WENT AWAY HAPPY, FOR THING.
From the Washington Star.

"You are the light of my life," she said to him, as he told him good night at the front door.
"Put out that light," growled the father, at the head of the stairs, and the front door slammed.

How Our Wives Understand Us Men.

From Texas Sitings.
Husband: "I am going out hunting to-morrow. I feel almost sure that I will bring home a rabbit."
Wife: "Rabbits are so cheap now in the market that I think you might bring home a couple."

Tantalizing a Poor Lion.

From the Washington Star.
Johnnie: "What is an idiot, papa?"
Papa: "It is a person, my son, who tells you about himself those things which you want to tell him about yourself."

MR. W. C. STEIGER
Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in POST-DISPATCH. Telephone 24.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY

HOW THE ANNIVERSARY WAS OBSERVED IN ST. LOUIS.

All the Public Offices Closed, But Business by No Means Generally Suspended—Celebration This Evening by the Sons of the American Revolution.

This is Washington's birthday. The first President was born on Feb. 23, and the calendar will tell you to-day is Feb. 23; but the Missouri statutes say that Washington's birthday is a holiday, and when it falls on Sunday the day following is to be observed. In consequence, banks, exchanges, courts, the Post-office and some business houses are closed. Saturday business houses were closed during the funeral of Gen. Sherman, banks were partly closed and all courts adjourned for the day. The Post-office was closed, and to-day there was no law compelling this observance, but public opinion was strong enough to secure it. To-day, in spite of the law—outside of such institutions as courts, offices of the Government, banks and exchanges—business has been going on as usual. The Washington birthday has little hold upon the public and but for the fact that the day is mentioned in the State and United States statutes would probably be as little noted as is the passing of Lincoln's birthday, or the anniversary of the beginning of any other man prominent in the history of the country.

NOT GENERALLY OBSERVED.

Few factories allowed their machines to remain idle to-day though in many the fires were banked on Saturday. The larger business houses were open with few exceptions until noon, and then the clerks after that hour were not large. Small houses were almost all open all day. There was little enough holiday air about the streets. Suburban trains brought in a few country people, and the street cars were as well patronized in the morning as on any day in the year.

The Post-office closed at 10 o'clock, the early morning delivery being as usual, and the office being kept open to that hour for the benefit of those who wished to apply there for mail arriving later than the 7 o'clock delivery. At 10 o'clock the Post-office, the Revenue and Surveyor of the Port were open for the first morning hours and closed after that time.

The municipal barn, Four Courts, Court-house, Merchants', Cotton, Mining and Mechanics' Exchanges were closed all day. There was some curfew on Third street before 10 o'clock, and the city was quiet. The closing of the Exchanges, banks and the Post-office after 10 o'clock were responsible for the closing of many business houses as did close.

All of the public schools were closed and nearly all colleges, private and parochial schools, were closed. The city was quiet. The closing of the Exchanges, banks and the Post-office after 10 o'clock were responsible for the closing of many business houses as did close.

The Sons of the American Revolution, a society of patriotic men, met at the Hotel de Ville, and gave a grand ball. The program will be as follows: Prayer, by the Chaplain, Rev. James H. Brooks; music, "America," introduction of the President, H. J. Bliss, Charles E. Briggs, John M. Fulton, James K. Hosmer, James H. Brooks, D. D. Josiah Pogg, M. M. Yeckle, M. A. Lindsey, W. C. Stamps, Robert H. Clark, A. B. Cole, Victor Gibson and Edward S. Lewis, will have charge of the celebration.

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A WIFE'S WRONG-DOING.

IT LEADS HER HUSBAND TO COMMIT A DEADLY ASSAULT.

John Williams Fractures the Skull of Rev. Joseph Drake, a Colored Minister, Last Night in Front of a Church—Drake's Condition.

A warrant charging John Williams with assault with intent to kill was issued from the office of Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Estep at the Four Courts this morning. Williams is a coal black negro, 45 years old. About 9 o'clock last night he fought with Rev. Joseph Drake in front of the colored church on St. Louis avenue, near Marcus street, fracturing the skull of his clerical opponent with a rock.

There is a story behind the fight. According to Williams' statement the preacher is 25 years old and eight years ago was in charge of a church at Murphysboro, Tenn. He was then known as Joseph Phillips and during the war had married Williams' only sister.

HE DISAPPEARED.
In 1883 he suddenly disappeared. A month later Williams' wife announced that she was going to Washington, Ind., to visit her brother. Williams became suspicious and followed her North. At Washington he learned that the preacher Phillips had met his wife and the two had taken a St. Louis train together. He at once came on to St. Louis and learned that the preacher had met his wife and the two had taken a St. Louis train together

THE COLONY AND FORSYTH.

FACTORY POSITION OF THE COLONY AND FORSYTH. AS TO WHY.

Decision on the Merits of the Case From Any Military Man—Account of the Dispositions at the Wounded Knee Fight.

The presence of the Seventh Cavalry in the city to attend the Sherman obsequies naturally led to a great deal of discussion concerning the particulars of the Wounded Knee fight, and the general conduct of the campaign. "It is a remarkable fact," said an officer who was present at the Wounded Knee fight, "that there has scarcely been an Indian campaign in which many troops were engaged that were not followed by a court-martial. The Miles campaign of 1876 was succeeded by the Price court-martial, in which the infantry was arrayed against the cavalry. In 1877 Crook preferred charges against Gen. Reynolds, and now comes this Miles-Forsyth imbroglio, which bids fair never to be settled. It is left in a more unsatisfactory condition than any of the controversies that preceded it."

A DIVIDED BENCH.

Miles was extremely dissatisfied with Forsyth's conduct of affairs, and removed him from the command of his regiment in the field. This course, however, prevented him from other controversies the quarrels had been left for decision until the close of the operations. A board of two officers was appointed to investigate the conduct of the Wounded Knee fight. Gen. Carr was to have served as the third member, but his duties, unfortunately, prevented him from so. A man of testimony was presented, and when all was in it was found that the officers disagreed, Baldwin believing that Miles' strictures on Forsyth were not justified by the facts, and Kent taking a contrary view. These unsatisfactory findings were forwarded to Gen. Schofield, accompanied by a rather savage arraignment of Forsyth by Miles in the form of an endorsement. Many officers were anxious that Gen. Schofield should decide the matter one way or the other, and put a check upon, if not a stop to, the very unpleasant controversy. This, however, Schofield declined to do. He praised the conduct of the regiments, which had never been questioned by any one, but refrained from stating whether Forsyth's dispositions had been wise or otherwise. "This left the question as undecided as ever, for military men do not attach much importance to the opinion on such matters of a civilian like the Secretary of War."

DISPOSITIONS FOR DISARMAMENT.

"From what I saw of the fight, and I saw a great deal, my opinion would be that the dispositions made previous to disarming the Indians would have been ample to secure the safety of the troops against any civilized enemy, but that, considering the desperate nature of the Sioux, they might have been improved upon. Forsyth drew up his eight troops on three sides of the Indians, whom they greatly outnumbered, but stationed his artillery some distance in the rear, where it was masked by the soldiers and was useless as long as the fighting was close. There was only one direction in which the Sioux would escape to broken ground, and he placed K troop so that it stood with its back to the tepees and between the Indians and the ravines that they would naturally seek if they tried to break away. He thought that the savages would not fire on the troops when it was evident that they were about to also strike their own women and children in their rear. In this he proved to be mistaken, as when the firing began the Indians sent their bullets towards the tepees with perfect indifference to the effect upon their families."

THE ARTILLERY MASKED.

"The story is told and generally credited that an officer of long experience in Indian warfare advised Forsyth to bring his Hotchkiss guns to the front, and station them so that they could sweep the whole line of the Indians. Forsyth declined to do this, as he was of the opinion that if this step was taken the Indians would believe that they were to be ruthlessly slaughtered, and would fight out of sheer desperation. For this he has been severely criticised by the officers than for any other move he made. His dispositions were such that any civilized troops would have surrendered without making the least trouble, but he failed to calculate upon the desperate character of Big Foot and his band. Just before the firing commenced Forsyth was standing a little in advance of his line, and remarking that he was very much relieved to find that the disarming would proceed without trouble. He certainly was taken by surprise when the Indian rifles began to blaze. The Hotchkiss guns had been in position they would have swept down the whole body of Indians in a few seconds. But they were masked by the troops and were useless. When the smoke cleared, the company and broke through its ranks of course many of the cavalry were prevented from firing by the fear of hitting their comrades, but as soon as they got through and broke for the ravines in the rear of the tepees, the troops had a fair chance and took advantage of it to the fullest extent, wiping the band out of existence and inflicting a loss about four times as great as they suffered. This fact would tend to prove that the troops were not very badly disposed."

TAKEN BY SURPRISE.

"Forsyth's mistake is considered to lie in the fact that he desired to avoid rousing the suspicions of the Indians rather than taking measures to instantly crush any resistance. Forsyth has had little or no experience in Indian warfare and apparently did not realize the fact that Sioux will fight to the death against any odds rather than give up their Winchester. As the event proved it would have done no harm and would have saved many lives had the Hotchkiss guns been placed in position to sweep the band as they came in. The main oversight seems to have been his failure to bring his artillery up to a position where it could be instantly used with effect."

Have You a Picture to Frame?

done at Heffernan's, Tenth and Olive, Mrs. Johnsons. You will have a splendid room to avoid. You will have your work done by the most experienced men. You when the pictures are framed in good taste and in a way that will be a credit to you. She said: "I will be and get the best your hotel reading." Heffernan's, 1010 Olive st. lady came to a party of Pedagogy. Mrs. Geo. Van der Pedagogical Society, the case on both sides been held in the Board peculiar peculiar Building, Seventh but she could not, on Saturday, was in no matter which side, on account of the Sher- but there was a my like to have cleared, at Restaurant, a Chicago, but all her, who serves the repeated that statement under the manage- pie, and the could not read does it promptly, sold it first. Mrs. Slatery

More Carpet Bargains THIS WEEK.

Tapestry Brussels Carpets at 75c. Regular price, \$1.00

Tapestry Brussels Carpets at 65c. Regular price, 85c.

Tapestry Brussels Carpets at 50c. Regular price, 65c.

Wilton Velvet Carpets at \$1 Regular price, \$1.25.

Ingrain Carpets, 25c, 35c, 45c, 55c. Regular price 30 per cent more.

200 Smyrna Rugs, size 3x6 ft., will be closed out at \$3.50 Reg. price, \$6.

K. & K.

AWARDED HIGHEST PRIZE PARIS EXPOSITION 1889

SCHOLTEN

ARTIST & PHOTOGRAPHER

1312-1314 OLIVE ST.

Knaupp & Kramer,

615 and 617 North Broadway, Between Washington and Lucas Avenues.

Cor. Broadway and Locust.

"LOWEST-PRICED HOUSE IN AMERICA FOR FINE DIAMONDS."

Mermod & Jaccard's Diamond Rings

Mounted New Patterns, \$15.00 to \$1200.

CORNER BROADWAY AND LOCUST.

Selections of Diamonds sent per Express, on approbation, to responsible parties.

Catalogue, 2000 Engravings, mailed free.

THE GENERAL'S GRAVE.

CROWDS VISIT THE LAST RESTING PLACE OF THE GREAT SOLDIER.

Gen. Sherman's Remains to Be Guarded by Soldiers—The Regulars Return to Their Posts and the Militia to Their Homes—An Incident of the Procession.

Calvary Cemetery yesterday was the objective point of hundreds of carriages whirling northward from the city, and of thousands of visitors by train. When Calvary Cemetery was reached the Sherman burial lot became the focal point upon which all the crowd concentrated, and from early morning until almost night the grave of Gen. Wm. T. Sherman was surrounded by deep ranks of silent and reverent citizens. The most touching tribute paid to the memory of the dead leader in this way was a fitting accompaniment to the stately ceremonies of the preceding day, when amid all the pomp and splendor of military and civic display, his mortal body had been consigned to the grave. It was the day of the great general's funeral, and the solemnity of the historic occasion. One especially was of a nature that smacked strongly of "war-time" experiences, and would have appealed strongly to the soldier's heart of the great General himself when living. A company of Missouri militia from Mount City, Mo., arrived in St. Louis late that they had time to fall into line for the funeral procession, half-starved and tired. They formed the left of the line of the First Regiment of St. Louis. When a halt was made at Grand avenue and Lucky street, these hungry warriors invaded a corner grocery and bought whatever eatables could be devoured on the spot. Their captain, a bearded and grizzled old veteran, secured a "hunk" of bread which he smeared with butter, using his hands for that purpose. Taking huge mouthfuls, the butter remained in great lumps upon his mustache and beard. He was in this unrepresentative condition when suddenly the command rang out: "Attention! Prepare for review!"

Gov. Francis was approaching, and was to pass along the front of the regiment. Concealing his "hunk" of bread as well as he could in his left hand, the gallant and well-battered Captain sprang to the front of his company, and at the command "present arms," his sword came to the front and then was lowered point downward with all the solemnity possible. When the governor had passed, the old fellow wiped the butter from his mustache, and again showing the big ration of bread in his left hand, said gravely: "Governor or no Governor, I was going to hold on to that bread till I—froze over."

DEPARTURE OF THE MILITARY.

The Seventh Cavalry, under Col. Forsyth, struck camp at the Arsenal yesterday afternoon and left for Fort Riley over the Missouri Pacific. The artillery also boarded the same train, leading their heavy cannons into the cars with a swiftness that showed thorough familiarity with the handling of the pieces, and the train, when it pulled away from the scene of the regular camp, bore some 800 soldiers back to their regular place.

The militia were more leisurely in getting away from St. Louis, with one or two exceptions. The Fourteenth and Seventeenth Ohio Regiments, quartered at the First Regiment's Army, left yesterday morning. The First Ohio, quartered in the Chamber of Commerce, did not leave until last night, spending the day either in amusing themselves about the city or in "skylarking" in the front hall forming their barracks. Of the three Missouri regiments the Second of Carthage and the Third of Kansas City left about the same time last night.

THE KANSAS MINES.

Statement of the Output From the Galena and Empire City District.

GALENA, Kan., Feb. 22.—The following is a statement of the output of one from the Galena and Empire City district for the week ending Feb. 21:

COMPANIES.	Rough Ore, lbs. milled.	Zinc Ore, lbs. sold.	Lead Ore, lbs. sold.
Perry Concentrating Mill.	825,680	48,110	2,570
Galena Lead & Zinc Co.	78,480		1,970
Murphy Concentrating Mill, No. 1.	96,000	8,470	
Windsor Lead & Zinc Co.	822,000		5,790
Murphy & Murphy.	360,000	45,970	
Galena Lead & Zinc Co.	350,000	91,810	4,620
Blaker Mining Co.	197,000	24,000	1,500
Total.	1,672,560	262,160	42,690

Sales aggregated, total value, \$7,943.45

A Fact Which Everybody Should Know.

The only line running Pullman parlor palaces cars on day trains between St. Louis and Chicago is the Chicago & Alton Railroad. Ticket offices: 216 North Broadway and Union Depot.

North St. Louis.

Holy Trinity Branch, Catholic Knights of America, will have an entertainment and ball March 30, at the North St. Louis Turner Hall.

Mr. W. D. Grant, a well-known packer, left last night for Leavenworth, Kan., to attend the burial of his mother, who died there on Saturday at the advanced age of 81 years.

The Third District police report Chas. Herbig and his wife in destitute circumstances at No. 1420 North Seventh street.

Mr. D. G. Hamilton of Chicago, President of the local syndicate street car lines, who has been the guest of Capt. Robert McCullough, the General Manager of the system, has returned home.

There will be forty hours devotion at St. Augustine's Church on Friday, Saturday and Sunday nights of this week. Rev. Father Essing, C. S. S. R., of the Redemptionist Order, will deliver a sermon each evening.

The dramatic club of St. Augustine's Parish has fitted up its hall elegantly, and, besides various amusement features, they have a time upon interesting topics.

Yesterday afternoon the parishioners of the St. Augustine Church held a meeting at the hall, Linsmore and Hebert streets, and a conference of the St. Vincent de Paul Society was organized with forty-two members through the energy of Rev. Father Hickenstein, who was elected spiritual director. The other officers elected are John M. Pollman, President; Charles Gerber, Secretary; John Terera, Treasurer. The object is to look after the charitable needs of the indigent in the parish.

New Adjectives Needed for Descriptive Purposes.

So say the many purports of the new and unequalled compartment sleepers running in the only Pullman vestibuled trains between St. Louis and Chicago on the Chicago & Alton Railroad. Only this running solid vestibuled train to Kansas City, too.

Ticket offices: 216 North Broadway and Union Depot.

Awaiting the Verdict.

COLUMBIA, Mo., Feb. 22.—The Boone County Court is still in session awaiting the verdict of the jury in the case of Bennett Berkley, indicted for killing Martin Corliss several years ago.

No SAINTLY NAME, no foreign claims has Salvation Oil, the best American remedy, but the price is only 25 cents.

GRAND SALES for THIS WEEK

EVERY ONE A RECORD-BREAKER. ALL PANTS

\$4.95. Go at \$4.95.

You have your choice of the finest Pants in our stock for this figure. Any pair of \$10, \$9, \$8, \$7 and \$6 Pants is yours

At Four-Ninety-Five.

OUR NEXT ENTRY IS Your Choice of ANY SUIT in the House, (Winter and Medium Weights, Sack or Cutaway.)

\$13.50. For \$13.50.

Our finest Suits, splendid styles, superb materials, Suits worth \$20, \$25—yes, \$30—go for but \$13.50. Start early. They make a stake worth striving for. See the \$15, \$16 and \$18 Suits going for \$9.50. Grand stock! Great values in new Spring Overcoats at \$15. Men's \$3 Stiff Hats go for \$1.85. Send in your name for our Spring Catalogue.

J. L. HUDSON, CLOTHIER,

406 and 408 NORTH BROADWAY.

New England Mutual Life Insurance Co.,

Post-Office Square, Boston, Mass.

Statement of Business for 1890.

Net Ledger Assets, Jan. 1, 1890.....	\$19,089,849 16
For Premiums.....	\$2,801,838 46
For Interest, Rents and Profit and Loss, less Taxes.....	983,002 99 3,785,440 65
	\$22,866,290 01
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Death Claims.....	\$1,375,523 28
Maternity and Discontinued Endowments.....	257,217 00
Canceled and Surrendered Policies.....	233,372 27
Distribution of Surplus.....	586,376 42
Total paid to Policy-Holders.....	\$2,452,288 99
Amount paid for Agents' Commissions to Agents, Salaries, Medical Fees, Advertising, Printing, Stationery, and all other incidental expenses at the Home Office.....	514,089 27
Amount paid for Accrued Interest on Investments purchased during the year.....	4,733 50 3,031,111 78
Net Ledger Assets, Dec. 31, 1890.....	\$19,837,178 25
Market value of investments over Ledger Cost.....	846,782 89
Unpaid Claims.....	227,514 62
Net Premiums in course of collection.....	191,178 64 1,285,476 05
Gross Assets, Dec. 31, 1890.....	\$21,102,654 90
LIABILITIES.	
Reserve at Massachusetts Standard 4 per cent.....	\$18,786,600 62
Unpaid Claims.....	87,987 54
Unpaid Claims.....	197,527 00 19,072,124 16
	\$2,030,530 14

Every Policyholder insured thereon the cash surrender and paid-up insurance values to which the insured is entitled by the Massachusetts Statute.—LIFE RATE ENDOWMENT Policies are issued at the old life rate premium.—ANNUAL CASH DIVIDENDS are paid upon ALL Policies.

Agents and Friends for any age sent on application to the Company's office, or to HENRY E. GIBBS, Vice-President, 204 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.

BENZ, P. STEVENS, President, 204 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.

JOS. M. GIBBS, Vice-President, 204 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.

S. F. TRULL, Secretary, 204 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.

W. H. TURNER, Assistant Secretary, 204 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.

OUIJA!

THE TALKING BOARD

Latest parlor amusement. Will answer questions on politics, everyday topics or love affairs. Price \$1.00. Call and try it. Mail orders filled promptly.

SCHWEDTMANN TOY COMPANY,

1130 and 1132 Olive St.

DEATHS.

HEMENWAY—On Saturday, Feb. 21, LUZ, wife of W. D. Hemenway, and only daughter of M. J. and Annie L. Murphy, aged 21 years 10 months and 26 days.

Funeral from St. Alphonsus Church, Tuesday morning, Feb. 24, at 10 o'clock. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

RUSSELL—Mrs. ALICE RUSSELL, on Monday morning, at 2 o'clock, beloved mother of Alice Russell and Mrs. Ed. Singen nee Russell.

Funeral from residence, 1813 North Tenth street, on Wednesday, at 2 p. m., to St. Lawrence O'Leary's, thence to Calvary Cemetery.

TYRRELL—At 7 a. m., Feb. 23, 1891, Miss LUZZA TYRRELL, aged 82 years sister of Mrs. John Cowley, Mrs. Patrick Cullinan and Mrs. Timothy Ryan.

Funeral Wednesday at 2 p. m. from the residence of her brother-in-law, John Cowley, 1083 Morrison avenue, to St. Vincent's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends invited to attend.

Sunday nights of this week.

Rev. Father Essing, C. S. S. R., of the Redemptionist Order, will deliver a sermon each evening.

The dramatic club of St. Augustine's Parish has fitted up its hall elegantly, and, besides various amusement features, they have a time upon interesting topics.

Yesterday afternoon the parishioners of the St. Augustine Church held a meeting at the hall, Linsmore and Hebert streets, and a conference of the St. Vincent de Paul Society was organized with forty-two members through the energy of Rev. Father Hickenstein, who was elected spiritual director. The other officers elected are John M. Pollman, President; Charles Gerber, Secretary; John Terera, Treasurer. The object is to look after the charitable needs of the indigent in the parish.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1886.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

BUY ON CREDIT!

We Save You Dollars on everything you buy on the Credit Plan. You simply make a small payment at time of purchase. Afterwards you pay the balance in Easy Weekly or Monthly Payments, according to your means and convenience. Come and be convinced.

The Straus-Emerich Outfitting Co.

Will Furnish and Carpet Your House Complete. No Preparatory Saving Necessary. Your Wants Supplied at Once.

Elegant Parlor Suits From \$20 Up.

Handsome Chamber Suits, \$12, \$18, \$25 Up.

Wardrobes, Folding Beds, Slideboards, etc.

Brussels Carpets, 100 Patterns, 45c Up.

Ingrain Carpets, 125 Patterns, 16 1-2c Up.

Lace Curtains, Window Shades, Portieres, etc.

Cooking Stoves, \$6 Up. Heating Stoves, \$4.25 Up.

Gasoline and Gas Stoves, Household Goods.

The Straus-Emerich Outfitting Co.,

Largest Time-Payment House in the World, Open Until 9 O'Clock P. M. 1121, 1123 and 1125 OLIVE ST.

AMUSEMENTS.

HENRY M. STANLEY!

Friday, Feb. 27, Saturday Feb. 28,

Incidents of Twenty-Three Years' Life as an Explorer in Central Africa.

The Great March Across Africa. Its Cannibals, Pigmies, Mountains and Forests.

ENTERTAINMENT HALL

Tickets Now at Balmer & Weber's, 209 N. Fourth Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

Every Evening And Saturday Matinee.

First appearance in St. Louis (Over Grand Opera House) of Miss AGNES HUNTINGTON.

Supported by her own Opera Company. Presenting Paganini's latest scores, PAUL JORDAN, as played at the Paris Exposition, 1889.

Next week—Frank Daniels in Little Puck.

POPE'S TO-NIGHT.

THE HANLON'S SUPERBA.

Better than Fantasia or any of their former productions. Wednesday Matinee, prices, 25c and 50c. Phone 1470. Sunday—Held by the Enemy.

HAVLIN'S TO-NIGHT

Every Night, Thursday and Saturday Matinee, the Favorite Irish Comedy Actress, ANNE WARD TIFFANY.

In her new play, THE STEPDUGHTER, now playing at the Grand Opera House.

Telephone 3654. Sunday—Money Mad.

OLYMPIC.

Wednesday Matinee and Saturday Night, Monte Cristo.

Mr. JAMES O'NEILL.

Henry Irving's Version of

The Dead Heart.

Monday, March 2—Final Hall Opera Company.

STANDARD THEATER.

To-night, Wednesday and Saturday Matinee, HYDE'S STAR SPECIALTY COMPANY, The Finest Organization in America.

Next week—Walden and Martell Vandervell Company. Telephone 3600.

FRANZ RUMMEL'S THREE PIANO RECITALS.

MEMORIAL HALL.

FRANZ RUMMEL'S Thred (3)

PIANO RECITALS IN ST. LOUIS, Mo. Will occur on Wednesday Evening, Feb. 26, Thursday, Feb. 27, and Saturday, Feb. 28, at 8 p. m.

TICKETS (including reserved seats) \$1.

Seats at the music store of Holman Bros. & Co., or at the free Monday, 26th.

GRAND PALACE HOTEL.

81 to 103 NORTH CLARK STREET, CHICAGO. A 15-minute walk from Court House. BOTH PLANS. Weekly, \$3.00. Transients, 50c up.

Restaurant by Compagnon, late Chicago Club Chef. POPULAR PRICES. NEW HOUSE. Cut this out for further reference.

A. WHIPPLE, PRINTER.

Telephone 1284. 217 N. 3d St. Your orders solicited.

The Baby's HORRIBLE LINK,

Health often gives fond parents very great anxiety and care. S. S. is the popular remedy for children. It is safe, palatable and does the work. David Zartman, of Independence, Mo., says:

"S. S. CURED MY BABY OF THE WORST CASE OF CATARRH I EVER SAW A CHILD WITH THE NASAL DISCHARGE WAS VERY LARGE AND OFFENSIVE. S. S. MADE A PERFECT CURE."

A Bystander Killed by a Stray Ball and Another Man Seriously Wounded—The Double Lynching at Brunswick, Ga.—Rev. George Fieledy Gully—Other Crimes.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 23.—As the result of a bitter newspaper war between the *Sunday Capital* and the *Advertiser*, the horrible tragedy occurred on the main thoroughfare shortly after 10 o'clock this afternoon. W. J. Elliott, proprietor of the *Sunday Capital*, met Al Osborne of the *World* and immediately opened fire. The street was crowded with people viewing the Washington birthday parade. Osborne started to run, followed by Elliott and his brother. They entered a hat store where a perfect fusillade took place. Osborne was shot through the head and instantly killed. Hughes, late steward of the Imbecile Asylum, a bystander, was shot in the right eye and instantly killed. A young man named Sullivan was shot in the arm, and an unknown person received a bullet through the leg. Perry Elliott, brother of the proprietor of the *Capital*, was slightly injured in the head. The Elliotts are in the station-house.

The Brunswick Lynching.

BRUNSWICK, Ga., Feb. 23.—The bodies of Wesley King and Henry Jackson, the negroes who were lynched on Saturday night near Brunswick, were taken to the Washington birthday parade. Osborne started to run, followed by Elliott and his brother. They entered a hat store where a perfect fusillade took place. Osborne was shot through the head and instantly killed. Hughes, late steward of the Imbecile Asylum, a bystander, was shot in the right eye and instantly killed. A young man named Sullivan was shot in the arm, and an unknown person received a bullet through the leg. Perry Elliott, brother of the proprietor of the *Capital*, was slightly injured in the head. The Elliotts are in the station-house.

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REAL ESTATE PRICE CURRENT, FISHER & CO., 714 Chestnut.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

219 S. 5TH ST.—Nice rooms for guests. 13
304 N. 6TH ST.—Furnished front room. \$1.50 per week. Inquire at Room 3, 3d floor. 13
529 FRANKLIN AV.—Three or four rooms; all modern improvements. Apply 519 Franklin av. 13
1121 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished front room for light housekeeping. 13
1512 CHESTNUT ST.—Front hall room. \$1.50 a week. Inquire at Room 3, 3d floor. 13
1513 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished rooms for guests and light housekeeping. 13
2126 OLIVE ST.—Second-story front and one single room; both newly furnished; first-class accommodation. 13
2202 CHESTNUT ST.—Parlor rooms, first and second floors, both newly furnished; first-class accommodation. 13
2203 OLIVE ST.—Furnished rooms. 13
3507 CHESTNUT ST.—Two nicely furnished front rooms; southern exposure. 13
3947 CHOUTEAU AV.—Two second-story furnished front rooms for light housekeeping; reference exchanged. 13
FOR RENT—Handsome furnished 9-room house on Olive st., full of boarders. Ad. 74, this office. 13
FOR RENT—A handsomely fur. 2d-story front; southern exposure; full of boarders; reference exchanged. In private family, at 2305 Pine st. 13

BOARDING.

1318 CHOUTEAU AV.—Large fur. front room; all con.; with best German table board; private. 13
1706 LUCAS PLACE—Nicely furnished rooms; with or without board. 13
1719 OLIVE ST.—Handsome furnished rooms; with first-class board; transients accommodated. 13
1806 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished front room; with or without board; also day-board. 13
2109 WALNUT ST.—Nicely furnished rooms; with or without board. 13
2123 PINE ST.—Desirable room with board; southern exposure; refs. exchanged. 13
2201 WASHINGTON AV.—Pleasant furnished room; with or without board. 13
2647 LAFAYETTE AV.—One large, furnished or unfurnished room; with or without board. 13
2930 LUCAS AV.—Rooms for guests; day boarders accommodated. 13
FOR RENT—Handsome fur. parlor to quietest corner of 10th and Olive sts. 13
FOR RENT—Furnished room with board for 1 or 2 persons. In strictly private family, near Lafayette Park; all accommodations first-class. Address M 72, this office. 13

FOR RENT—FLATS.

3542 CASS AV.—Desirable flat; 5 rooms and bath; Rent \$21; including water license. 13
GRAND AVENUE FLAT.
N. W. Cor. nd and Cass sts., near 4-room flat 2d floor for \$20; Rent \$21; including water license. 13
CORNET & ZEIGER, 110 N. 8th st. 13

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

1304 GRATTAN ST.—A nice 8-room house, bath and laundry. 13
1456 BACK YARD—Five rooms, bath, front and rear porches; \$10 per month. Inquire next door to 2929. 13
2929 LUCAS AV.—5 rooms; keys with janitor of 2929. 13
2929 McADAMS AVE. J. N. Strat, 610 Olive st. 13

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

1604 MARKET ST.—Nice large store, 24x30 ft.; a good stand for any business; rent low to a good tenant. 13
1806 LAFAYETTE AV.—Fine large store with 1806 counters and shelving, suitable for notion store. 13
FOR RENT—On 17th st., between Olive and Lucas pl., a good stable. Apply at 1623 Olive. 13
FOR RENT—Southeast corner 15th and Chas. sts., cleared lot, with or without room; suitable for dry goods. 13

IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE

3813 WASHINGTON AV.—Beautiful double store, 36x18 ft., with stable and 50 feet front; owner and occupant leaving. 13
KERNAN & MCCARTHY, 1109 Chestnut st. 13

\$200 Cash Will Buy,

1723 and 1725 Morgan St., and fitted up the same throughout with moth-proof linings, electric and gas, and electric lights. Washington av., electric and cable line. Easy terms. 13

CHAS. C. NICHOLLS,

Pho 885. 713 Chestnut St.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

9-ACRE TRACT NEAR NORMANDY FOR SALE.
High ground, two Railways, Wabash and Narrow-gauge. Will subdivide well. 13
CHAS. H. TURNER & CO., 304 N. 8th St. 13

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A good Post-Dispatch route. Address 4 D 69, this office. 13
FOR SALE—Barber shop, doing good business; a splendid place for a first-class barber; apply to owner, Wm. V. Roberts, ANTHRAX, Mo. 13
FOR SALE—A good Post-Dispatch route. Address 4 D 69, this office. 13
FOR SALE—A good Post-Dispatch route. Address 4 D 69, this office. 13

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—Two or three unfurnished rooms, convenient to Olive or cable, west of 27th st. Address 70, this office. 13
WANTED—A middle-aged gentleman, a furnished room and home comforts, with a widow. Address H 68, this office. 13
WANTED—A refined young lady, employed during the winter in a fashionable store, 307 Market st., who desires a room and board. Address H 75, this office. 13
WANTED—A room and board by two young ladies between Chouteau and Lafayette sts., and 15th and Jefferson sts.; state terms. Ad. K 75, this office. 13
WANTED—By gentleman and wife, newly furnished room, with board, in private family. Address, stating terms, location, etc., F. 69, this office. 13

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—A 6 or 8 room house; state price. Address F. P. 711 N. 18th st. 13
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MUSICAL.

AN experienced lady piano music teacher desires to give private lessons. Address 74, this office. 13
FOR SALE—A fine piano music teacher desires to give private lessons. Address 74, this office. 13
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DANCING.

MISS LITTLE PALMER'S select dancing school, 2732 Olive st.; waiting and private lessons a specialty. Call or send for terms. 13
FOR SALE—A fine piano music teacher desires to give private lessons. Address 74, this office. 13
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FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—A fine piano music teacher desires to give private lessons. Address 74, this office. 13
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SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.
WANTED—Set of books to work on evenings. Address L 72, this office. 13
WANTED—A position as book-keeper, collector or clerk by a young man well recommended. Address W 75, this office. 13
WANTED—A first-class book-keeper with experience in time payment business; a copy of a class bond. Am. Art Co., 8th and Pine sts. 53

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Position as whisky salesman, ten years' experience; A1 reference. Ad. H 73, this office. 13
WANTED—Position by a man posted in retail grocery business; can control a good trade. Address F 70, this office. 13
The Trades.
WANTED—Young man, 18 years, having served six months in dentist's office in Kansas City, now locating here; desires position. Ad. F 68, this office. 13
WANTED—A good carpenter would like a job in a first-class building shop; can do any kind of drawing, fancy designing and sign-writing. Address 74, this office. 13
WANTED—A situation by a carpenter, a good general workman, either in shop, factory or outside; would like a steady job with contractor. Address 74, this office. 13

Cookhouse.

WANTED—Situation by a first-class cookman; has the best of city refs. Ad. W 70, this office. 13
Boys.
WANTED—Boy of 16 wishes a situation in an office. Address G 75, this office. 13
WANTED—A stout German boy that writes good, with reference. Apply at 743 S. 24th st. 13
WANTED—A position in office by boy of 15; have a fair handwriting and can furnish reference. Address G 74, this office. 13
WANTED—Sit by a bright boy of 15 years in a dental office; has had experience in laboratory work. Ad. N 68, this office. 13
WANTED—Situation by a boy in drug store; experienced; understands the business; can give references as to character, ability, etc. Address 75, this office. 13

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Work by a window trimmer and show-card writer. Address S 72, this office. 13
WANTED—By a young man, a situation in a wholesale or retail house. Ad. S 8th & Parker, 807 N. 16th st. 13
WANTED—A situation as driver for delivery wagon; am not a Washington driver; give best references. Address 71, this office. 13
WANTED—By experienced man and wife, position as butlers; will work for small wages; best city references given. Address R 75, this office. 13

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.
WANTED—Grocery clerk with reference at 7943 N. Broadway. 13
WANTED—An experienced clerk in wholesale and retail goods; also, assistant caller. Address with reference, F 73, this office. 13
WANTED—Customers: fine clothing made to order and sold at low prices; time payment suits from \$25 up; 13 N. 6th st.; corner Chestnut st. 13
WANTED—Invoice clerk (experienced); one having knowledge of mail machinery preferred. State salary and give references. Address F 73, this office. 13

PERKINS & HERPEL'S

Mercantile College, cor. 4th and Washington av. Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Mathematics, Grammar, etc. Day and night school now open. 13
JONES' COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, 421 N. 3d st., over the State Bank. Offers superior instruction in shorthand, typewriting and telegraphy. Day and night classes. J. G. JONES, Principal. 13
HAYWARD'S Business and Shorthand College, 618 and 620 Olive st. Day and night all branches taught. 13

Cooks.

WANTED—An experienced, sober cook in a new restaurant and oyster house; must be willing to work cheap at start. Ad. A 68, this office. 13
The Trades.
WANTED—Good barber at 420 Wash st. 13
WANTED—Presser on shop coats. Apply at 2647 Gravois av. 13
WANTED—Good cookmaker for town in Missouri. Call at Cunningham Bros. 13
WANTED—Compositors. Shoe and Leather Goods. 412 and 414 N. 11th and Herbert sts. 13
WANTED—A good workman on shoe patterns. Shinkie & Colesworth, 601 N. 3d st. 13
WANTED—Three good leather hands. Ettinger Mfg. Co., 1111 and Herbert sts. 13
WANTED—First-class carpenter to superintend building; state salary; ref. Address B 74, this office. 13
WANTED—Painters for inside work and take pay in board; can work evenings. Address F 76, this office. 13
WANTED—Pattern-makers for architectural iron work. Union Iron & Foundry Co., 24 and Barry sts. 13
WANTED—A carriage painter and wagon-maker for general and steady work by Aug. Griesheim, quarter mile west from Market on Gravois; road; take Creve Coeur Lake train. 13

Laborers.

WANTED—Three or four laborers at 1225 Market st. 13
WANTED—Men and teams on Hogan st. near Madison st. John Donovan. 13

Boys.

WANTED—Colored boy for barber shop. 1929 Park av. 13
WANTED—A colored boy in barber shop. 723 Vandeventer av. 13
WANTED—Erand boy in printing office. 813 Locust st., 3d floor. 13
WANTED—Boy about 14 years old; general office work and clerical; must be of good family, with best of references; state wages wanted. Address K 69, this office. 13

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A man to work around the house. Ad. 2206 Olive st. 13
WANTED—A man to farm and garden and care for stock, and woman to cook and do housework; the best of references if required. Address A 72, this office. 13

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.
WANTED—Young lady wishes a position as book-keeper. Address D 70, this office. 13
WANTED—Position by a young lady to address envelopes; experience. Ad. H 75, this office. 13
WANTED—By a lady copying to do at home; has a good and rapid writer. Ad. C 73, this office. 13
Housekeepers.
WANTED—Situation as housekeeper for widower or some good old people by neat, trustworthy young woman. Address F 73, this office. 13
Dressmakers and Seamstresses.
WANTED—Family sewing neatly done. Ad. 46, this office. 13
WANTED—By a dressmaker a few more engagements; terms reasonable. Address R 71, this office. 13
WANTED—A competent dressmaker desires engagements with families; \$1.25 per day. Ad. D 75, this office. 13

General Housework.

WANTED—Sit by a colored girl to do housework. Apply at 210 N. 8th st. 13
WANTED—Situation by a girl to do general housework; no washing. Ad. 148 O'Fallon st. 13
WANTED—Situation by a young girl for light housework and sewing. Ad. E 75, this office. 13

STOVE REPAIRS!

For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. Bauer's, 219 Locust st. 13
WANTED—Situation by a first-class cook in private family; no washing. Apply 1626 Morgan st. 13
WANTED—Situation by a first-class cook; best of references if required. Address 1312 N. 15th st. 13
WANTED—Sit by a first-class cook, city or country; best of references. Ad. 1312 N. 15th st. 13
WANTED—Situations by 2 experienced girls to do housework in private family; one to cook and the other to do housework. Call for two days at 3116 Chouteau av.; no postals. 13

Cooks Etc.

WANTED—A girl to cook, wash and iron, 3301 Morgan st. 13
WANTED—Two girls to cook and do housework, at 3025 Morgan st. 13
WANTED—A plain cook and one chambermaid at once. 421 Locust st. 13
WANTED—A good woman cook; good wages; at Weaver's Hotel, 506 Pine st. 13
WANTED—A competent cook in private family; no washing. 2719 Chestnut st. 13
WANTED—Girl for cooking and laundrying; girl for housework. 3750 Pine st. 13
WANTED—A good German girl as a cook in small family. Apply 3406 Laclede av. 13
WANTED—Good German girl to cook, wash and iron. Apply at 3814 Locust st. 13
WANTED—German girl, about 14 years old, to amuse child. Apply at 2929 Thomas st. 13
WANTED—A girl to cook, wash and iron in family of two. At 112 N. 12th and Locust sts. 13
WANTED—Young man to look after horses and drive delivery wagon. 2104 N. Broadway. 13
WANTED—A girl to cook, wash and iron. Apply with ref. bet. 9 and 12 corners of 2122 Locust pl. 13
WANTED—An experienced white cook, small family; no washing or ironing; with reference. 3142 Locust st. 13
WANTED—A cook and waitress to go to the country; a handsome salary for two days a week; the city, at 3624 Lindell av. 13
WANTED—A good German cook for a small family of three grown persons; good wages and good home; no washing or ironing. 2345 Lafayette av. 13
WANTED—An experienced cook and laundress, white colored. Please write and state where you can be seen to Mrs. S. box 124, Webster Groves, Mo. 13

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Girl to press seams on coats. 2647 Gravois av. 13
WANTED—A good dining-room and house girl at 1409 Olive st. 13
WANTED—Girls to make sandwiches at once. 903 S. 2732 Olive st.; waiting and private lessons a specialty. Call or send for terms. 13
WANTED—A dining-room girl at restaurant, 1017½ Franklin av. 13
WANTED—Good German girl. Apply in candy store, 1320 Olive st. 13
WANTED—Girls to pack and look like shoes, Hufnagel Shoe Co., 1911 Chestnut st. 13
WANTED—Experienced fur sewers. Western Fur Mfg. Co., 1312 Olive st., opposite Jefferson. 13
WANTED—A good wire frame maker; one who can make a variety of work. Address D 75, this office. 13
WANTED—Shoe stitchers, vamps, on men's shoes. Joseph Beck & Co., 8th and Gravois. 13
WANTED—A first-class dining-room girl (white), to wait on table at once. S. W. Cor. 8th and Olive sts. 13
WANTED—Girl for chamber work and to assist in waiting on table; pay \$10 a week; experienced; references required. 3142 Locust st. 13
WANTED—Good steady girl to work on cloaks; employed at present at the year round. Max Judd & Co., 411-415 N. 8th st.; apprentices and learners take. 13
WANTED—American lady who is well acquainted in St. Louis or vicinity for work of a special character; quick salary; best of references; \$12 weekly. Address N 75, this office. 13

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS WANTED for the best illustrated Life A and Times of Gen. Sherman; elegant steel engraving and book at \$1.50; outfit and engraving 25c; best terms free. Dan L. Baker, 238 Chestnut st. 13
In preparation for years and will soon be issued the "Life of Gen. Sherman," by Gen. O. C. Howard, Lieut. General Sherman's personal secretary, and illustrated in English and German; 600 pages; 100 pictures; quick sale; best of references; \$10 a copy; money; magnificent outfit 35c; send at once. John Burns Book Co., 717 Olive st., St. Louis, Mo. 13

THE COURT PUZZLED

As to Whether the Vail Case Could Progress on a Legal Holiday.

A DECISION THAT IT COULD ARRIVE AT AND TESTIMONY TAKEN.

Millory Hayden Tells How Convinced Mr. Jerome McAttee Was That the Shooting Was an Accident for Some Time After Its Occurrence—Mrs. John Luthy Comes Near Fainting in Court.

The Vail case was somewhat late in opening this morning. The unusual heavy Monday docket of the court had to be cleared, and it was after 10 o'clock before any of the attorneys, the jury or the defendant were in court. Vail was followed soon after he entered by his mother who talked earnestly with him while the court read the morning paper. The audience was as large as ever, the crowd that sought entrance blocking the corridor, and there was an unusually large attendance of women. There were not less than a hundred present, and they were the most attentive of the society. They were eager to hear the testimony and they secured good seats. I was 10:20 o'clock when the attorneys arrived, then there was a consultation with the court. At 10:30 o'clock Mr. Wm. N. Barron, the stenographer, was called and sworn.

"Wait," said the court, "I am not ready to proceed."

COULD COURT BE HELD?

"I beg pardon, your honor," said Mr. McDonald, "I thought the court was ready."

"No," said the court, "there is a question."

After a delay of a few minutes the court called attention to the fact that Feb. 22 was a legal holiday, and the statute said that when such a holiday fell on Sunday it should be observed on the following day. The court was not quite clear whether to-day was a legal holiday with regard to courts or not and the court would hear any suggestion that counsel had to make.

"I know of no decision," said Gov. Johnson.

"I do not know," said the court, "that the question has ever been decided in this state."

The court again asked for suggestions, but the counsel had none to make. The court then said that the ruling would be that to-day was a legal holiday only for banking and commercial purposes, and it was a legal day, and the court could proceed with its business.

Mr. McDonald: "I wish it understood that I except."

The court: "Yes, you save your point."

Gov. Johnson: "I do understand that the defendant objects to the ruling of the court."

Mr. McDonald: "The defendant is silent and is willing to proceed if the court so orders, but we are not surrendering the defendant's legal or constitutional rights to the prosecution on any one else."

Gov. Johnson: "The defendant objects, why we are perfectly willing to let the matter go over until to-morrow. We don't wish to proceed in the face of this objection."

Mr. McDonald: "There is one thing we do object to, and that is the action of Gov. Johnson in placing the defendant in the position before the jury of declaring the law, which he is not called on to do."

Gov. Johnson: "If the court has any doubt about it and the defendant objects, why we had better stop."

The court: "I have no doubt about the point. I think this is a legal day."

Gov. Johnson: "Very well, we will go on."

Mr. Brown was then recalled and testified that he was a stenographer. He was modest enough to decline to say that he was an expert, but he said that he had been in the ordinary hearing, and had reported it all and reported it correctly. He remembered that Mrs. Slatery, the mother of the deceased, testified.

Mr. McDonald asked, "Did Mrs. Slatery then testify that when Mr. Vail got angry at the publication of the marriage notice, Mr. Vail said: 'Never again will I be married, anyway.' Did she make any such statement as that?"

Mr. Brown: "I am very clearly of the opinion that she did not say that. I do not like to state until I had refreshed my memory by my notes, but I am clearly of the opinion that the statement was not made."

Mr. McDonald: "The record and asked him to refer to Mrs. Slatery's testimony."

Gov. Johnson wanted to know if the witness had transcribed the notes. The witness explained how the notes were transcribed and said that the transcript had been read back to him while he followed his notes.

That satisfied the court, and Mrs. Slatery then began looking over Mrs. Slatery's testimony.

After examining the record Mr. Barron said: "My answer is, I was not put to her squarely, but she was asked indirectly on the cross-examination."

"Turn to it and read."

Mr. Barron turned to the cross-examination and read several pages of Mrs. Slatery's testimony at the preliminary examination.

"Then," said Gov. Johnson, "there was no question asked her as to Charles' reply, except what you have read?"

"Yes, that is all."

"And the only reply which could be taken to include that was 'Charles kept on fussing'?"

"No. The question which would include it is: 'Was that all the fussing he done?'"

Gov. Johnson asked where the testimony was taken.

Mr. Barron said some of it was taken in the courtroom at St. Charles and some in a public hall.

Mr. McDonald: "It was begun in a courtroom and ended in a theater?"

Mr. Barron: "Yes, sir."

"Did you attend the play throughout?"

"Yes, sir."

"Even after it was put upon the boards?"

"Yes, sir."

Mrs. John Luthy was then called. She was not well and had to retire to the witness-room to avoid fainting. When she recovered she said she was in the witness-room when the preliminary examination was going on and was in Moser's Hotel when the examination was adjourned over Saturday.

She said: "I was sitting in the parlor of the hotel reading a Post-Dispatch and a lady came to me and asked me to let her read the paper. She said she was Mrs. Geo. Vail, and she was interested in the case on both sides. I said that she was a peculiar predicament, and she said, yes, but she couldn't tell anything but the truth, no matter which side she was on. She said that she could never believe Charles guilty, but there was a mystery about it which she would like to have cleared up. She said she was not a Catholic, but all his wife's family were."

On cross-examination she said that she had repeated that statement to a number of people, and she could not remember to who she said it first. Mrs. Slatery said that her cousin

had been on the stand that day, and she (Mrs. Slatery) had not been permitted to hear her testify.

STRONG TESTIMONY FOR VAIL.

Mr. Millory Hayden was next called. He lives at Old Monroe, and is connected by marriage with the McAttees. He had never met Vail, but he had known Mrs. Vail all her life, and she was a general favorite in that part of the country.

Old Monroe, he said, was a village of about a dozen houses, and it was a mile and a half from there to Mr. McAttee's farm. To reach the farm you crossed a railroad bridge which was about thirty feet above the river. It crossed the Quiver river.

After the shooting he went to the McAttee house and arrived there about 5 o'clock. He did not see Vail then, nor until about midnight, and then he was not introduced to him. Witness went into the room and saw Vail sitting at the head of the bed. He saw Vail again after Mrs. Vail died, but did not remember what he was doing.

"Did you have a conversation with Jerome McAttee on the day of the shooting?" Mr. McDonald asked.

"No. I heard him say that it was a terrible accident."

"Were you present when a message came back from Dr. Dickson about the inquest?"

"Yes."

"What was said?"

"I heard Mr. McAttee tell Mr. Jennings in the hall that he was not going to the inquest, and there ought to be no inquest, and Mr. McAttee said there was no use for an inquest, 'I will stand between Vail and the law.'"

"Did you hear Mr. McAttee say much about the law as Dr. Dickson?"

"Yes. Mr. McAttee said he knew as much about the law as Dr. Dickson and he said: 'I will stand between Vail and the law.'"

"Was that all that occurred at the time?"

"Yes, that was all."

"Did you hear him say anything else?"

"We went down stairs and he said to Mr. Jennings: 'I don't care to talk about the matter any more.'"

"Was Jennings trying to impress upon him the necessity for an inquest?"

Gov. Johnson: "I object."

The court: "Ask what Jennings said."

Mr. McDonald: "Did you ever hear Mr. McAttee say anything more about it?"

"No, sir."

"Were you at the depot when Mrs. Slatery came?"

"Yes."

"How did she get across that bridge?"

"She walked across."

"Did you hear Mr. McAttee say anything to his sister there?"

"I heard him say it was an accident and tell her not to cut up and cry; it would excite her."

"Did Mr. McAttee say, 'Now, this is a pure accident, or a sad accident, and I don't want you to do any cutting up when you get home'?"

"I don't remember; it may have been that."

"Do you remember the expression, 'Now, this is a pure accident'?"

"No, I don't remember."

"Is it not a fact that the McAttee family and their neighbors and the people of the immediate vicinity believed that this was an accident and continued to contend so until a detective by the name of Gaines came up there?"

Gov. Johnson: "I object."

The court: "The objection is sustained."

Mr. McDonald: "Do you know when the witness, 'No, I don't know that I do.'"

"As a matter of fact, did you ever hear any other opinion until that detective came up there?"

"No, I don't believe I did."

DID NOT EXAMINE THE COAT.

"Did you ever see that overcoat?"

"Yes. I saw it hanging in the hall that day."

"When did you next see it?"

"About 2 o'clock next day. They were going to send Henry Funke to get a spring coat for Mr. Vail. I saw it hanging in the hall."

"What did Funke say?"

Gov. Johnson: "He said on the ground that statements of Funke were not admissible. The objection was sustained."

Mr. McDonald said that he proposed to show that Funke had said that he had a brush and brushed the mud off of it. The court said that what Funke did could be testified to, but not what he said.

Mr. McDonald: "Mr. Hayden, didn't Mr. Funke take that coat and brush and go up to the room and brush it? He was going to brush the mud off of it?"

Gov. Johnson: "The court has ruled on that already, and I necessarily renew my objection."

The court: "The objection is sustained."

On cross-examination he said that he was on good terms with Mr. McAttee, always had been, and that he did not know that there was an accident on the day of the shooting. Next day he heard the statement to Jennings. That was before the burial and there had been no investigation up to that time. He said that he never heard anything about this afterwards.

"Yes, I heard him say in the blacksmith shop, 'My answer is, I was not put to her squarely, but she was asked indirectly on the cross-examination.'"

Mr. McDonald: "That is all."

Gov. Johnson: "No sir what? [What didn't she say?]"

"She did not testify that such a statement was made that it would all be over soon."

"Do you know to what that statement referred?"

"Yes; to the publication of the marriage notice in the newspapers."

Gov. Johnson then read the portion of Mrs. Slatery's examination which referred to this subject, and then asked Mrs. Slatery if she was asked the question at all what reply Vail made.

Mr. Barron testified that at no time was she asked that question. It was not put to her squarely, but she was asked indirectly on the cross-examination.

"Turn to it and read."

Mr. Barron turned to the cross-examination and read several pages of Mrs. Slatery's testimony at the preliminary examination.

"Then," said Gov. Johnson, "there was no question asked her as to Charles' reply, except what you have read?"

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On cross-examination she said that she had repeated that statement to a number of people, and she could not remember to who she said it first. Mrs. Slatery said that her cousin

NOT HER FATHER.

Evidence That Geo. W. Margrove Has Been Dead Many Years.

HE WAS EMPLOYED AS A PRINTER IN ST. LOUIS IN 1874.

Story of Blanche Margrove, Who Was Taken From the Episcopal Orphan's Home Fifteen Years Ago—The Man Who Claims to Be Her Father Believed to Be a Fraud.

The highly romantic story connected with the life of Blanche Margrove, who was taken from the Episcopal Orphan's Home in this city and adopted by Wm. Shelley, as published in yesterday's POST-DISPATCH, possessed much interest for many St. Louisans. Later developments are as startling as those already made public, and go to substantiate the supposition put forward yesterday that the man claiming to be George W. Margrove, the father of the girl, holds no such relationship, but is an impostor, showing this prove the case the man is certainly amenable to the law for his base deception.

Last week at Baton Rouge, La., Blanche Margrove was emancipated from her alleged father because of the latter's inhuman treatment and degradation of her. In granting the release the judge on the bench severely scolded Margrove, saying that if there was nothing more in the case than the fact that he attempted to besmirch the character of his daughter, the emancipation would have been granted.

IN GREAT DANGER.

The Outlook for the Ohio River Flood Growing Worse.

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 23.—The outlook for the Ohio river flood grows worse to-day. In addition to the rise at Pittsburgh, the weather map, as made up from this morning's reports, shows that there is an almost certainty of additional rain in the Ohio valley in twenty-four hours. Here the river continues to rise about an inch an hour.

At 10 o'clock it stood 55 feet 7 inches. It is rising at Portsmouth at something less than an inch an hour. There is some hope in the fact that it is falling rapidly at Wheeling and at Parkersburg, and that the headwaters of the great Kanawha are falling. The effect of the flood here at this stage of the water is inconvenient, but not disastrous. The railroads are compelled to close the Central depot are compelled to close the Central depot are compelled to close the Central depot.

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DRINK VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA

AT THE DELICATESSEN.

CITY NEWS.

Dr. E. C. Chase, Corner of 9th and Olive streets, set of teeth, 18. Private matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinbeer, 814 Pine st.

CHINESE SUNDAY-SCHOOL CONCERT.

Entertainment by Celestials at the First Christian Church. This evening at the First Christian Church, Locust street, near Compton avenue, an interesting entertainment by the Chinese Sunday-school of that congregation will take place. The programmes have been issued on Chinese napkins and are very artistic. The programme to be rendered this evening will be as follows:

Doxology, school; devotional exercises, Rev. J. H. Stutzman; quartette, J. H. Moon, the interpreter, Joe Fong, Joe Hymn and Ah Light; address, J. H. McCann, superintendent; piano solo, Mrs. E. Webb; cantata, "The Good Samaritan," by J. H. Moon; reading, S. U. Fun Dig; Chinese music; quartette, J. H. Moon, Joe Fong, Joe Hymn and Ah Light; address, Rev. J. H. Stutzman; gospel hymn, "Jesus, Jesus, Jesus"; Bible reading, Joe Hymn; Chinese hymn, Mrs. E. Webb and Miss Annie Dale; essay, S. U. Fun Dig; gospel hymn, J. H. Moon; Bible reading, Joe Hymn; Chinese reading, J. B. Hay; Chinese music.

The religious education of the Chinese in St. Louis is becoming a factor in church work. There are now four large and growing Chinese Sunday-schools in the city, and each is well attended. The Sunday-school at Eleventh and Locust streets is the oldest, having been established some ten years. The First Christian Congregationalist Church, Washington and Ewing avenues, has a Sunday-school of forty Chinese children, which meets every Sunday, and later the Chinese Sunday-school at Eleventh and Locust streets, which has an attendance of five pupils, and has grown to about thirty.

The difficulty of instructing the Chinese population is very much greater than any other race. In the first place, many of them do not understand the English language, besides their prejudice must be overcome against new ideas and new institutions. The Chinaman is largely illiterate; he can usually do a thing that he has seen some one else do. There are many instances where the new comers learn to read long before they can understand a word of English. They repeat their exercises mechanically without having any idea of what the words mean, but the greatest difficulty is the lack of teachers, as the Chinaman must be taught individually, cannot be classified as any other Sunday-school, hence with a school of thirty pupils, thirty teachers besides the officers are required.

Exquisite.

That is what the ladies say about the new compartment sleeping cars now running on the Chicago & Alton Railroad between St. Louis and Chicago. Best line to Kansas City, too.

Ticket offices: 216 North Broadway and Union Depot.

SUICIDE BY FIRE.

The Coroner Holds an Inquest in the Case of Miss Louise Houser. The inquest in the case of Louise Houser was held yesterday afternoon by Deputy Coroner Meade, and a verdict of suicide entered, but no cause assigned. On Saturday Miss Houser killed herself by pouring a can of gasoline over her clothing and then setting fire to it. The testimony developed that Miss Houser came here from Georgetown, Mo., eleven years ago and has been earning her living by dressmaking ever since. Some time ago she joined the Knights and Ladies of Honor and was insured for \$1,000, the policy being made out in favor of Mr. Schindler, in whose house she was living at the time of her death.

Dr. Hodgen testified that he had treated her about a year ago when she had taken a dose of lyse with suicidal intent. Mr. Schindler says that the \$1,000 insurance money will be made over to Mrs. Houser, the girl's mother.

Mitchell Office Building.

The disagreements of the owners, and as a result the resort to litigation, and the property being under a cloud, the court of the Circuit Court ordering the big Mitchell Building to be sold absolutely at public outcry has caused no little speculation among real estate dealers. The Mitchell Building was completed about the early years of the century, having been designed for an office and banking building. It was the near precursor of the modern style of office building, however, of the interior ornamentation that gave character to the structures of the recent period, and it has never been managed with method like these. But the administrative situation of the property in the shadow of the Merchants' Exchange, and at the heart of the Third street whirl, has always insured a large yield from it. At one time during the high priced war times it was said to be renting at \$30,000 a year.

The building is very large and could be easily modernized. A proposition was made to the owners looking to such changes, it is said, brought over the Cincinnati partner some time in December last, but resulted only in propositions to purchase. No one could be reached by the non-renting owners short of that finally set outright, on both sides, and hence the litigation in Judge Withrow's court.

Presumably the Mitchell Building will not go begging for new owners. Its prominence insures it enduring patronage, and with the life and material changes of a progressive new ownership it should become one of the best income yielding properties of the business center.

"PUCK" MEYER'S ASHES.

They Will Be Scattered From the Top of the Statue of Liberty.

New York, Feb. 23.—To-morrow the Staten Island Schuetzen Corps, unless the authorities interfere, will take an urn containing the ashes of Henry Meyer, late proprietor of the Puck Hotel at Fort Richmond, to the top of the Statue of Liberty, where a portion of the ashes will be scattered to the winds. This will be done in accordance with the wish of the deceased. As the ashes are scattered the final words of the coronator of the ceremony will be: "Here goes the last of 'Puck' Meyer. Happy days."

Meyer requested that these words be pronounced at the closing of the ceremony. A portion of the ashes which are not thrown from the Statue of Liberty will be delivered to Meyer's widow.

MERCANTILE Cigars are making friends every day because they are a fine smoke.

The Cherokee Outlet.

ARKANSAS CITY, Kan., Feb. 23.—Owing to letters written by Congressman Perkins and others, saying that settlers in the Cherokee Outlet could legally hold their claims, 10,000 homesteaders have gone in. Every quarter section for fifteen miles south of the Kansas border is occupied. Troops from Fort Reno are on their way to the Outlet.

RED CROSS COATS will cure your cold. Sold everywhere. A cents a box.

THE FIGHT WAS "FIXED."

A STORY THAT LA BLANCHE HAD MONEY BET AGAINST HIMSELF.

The National League Circulating Canards to Frighten the Association Players—Mutrie's Retirement From the New York Club—Other Sports.

New York, Feb. 23.—The WORLD to-day prints the following dispatch from Boston: The fight between young Mitchell and George La Blanche, which took place at the California Club Friday night, was one of the biggest takes that has ever been perpetrated on any club. There is positive evidence that the club "Marine" took his own knock-out according to an agreement he made with a prominent Colorado sporting man. On Feb. 18 the "Marine" wrote the Colorado man from his quarters at Ross Villa, Saucello, Cal., the following letter:

Dear Sir: I have a proposition to make to you. I will tell you all about it on Feb. 20. Word your telegram to me at the Grand Hotel, San Francisco, in this way: "I have a proposition to make to you." I will understand it.

In some way the fact leaked out in this city and there were several persons that knew last Tuesday that the fight was not to be on the level, and they got several bets by giving odds of \$100 to \$1000 on Mitchell. Among the others in this city are Tom Clarke of Charleston, W. Va., Orinway, Bill Daley, Ed Holke and Ben Benton.

BEZANAH WANTS TO FIGHT. Louis Bezanah, the champion light-weight of Kentucky, has written to New Orleans several times in regard to getting on matches with Doc O'Connell, but has not as yet received any reply. He is thoroughly disgusted at not being able to get a fight, and will give away weight in order to bring about a match. With that end in view, he last night authorized the statement that he was ready to fight Billy Gibbs, the Kansas Demon, providing the latter will come to 140 pounds. "I am only taking odds," Bezanah said, "that he can get to 140 pounds, and if he will stop a forfeit to that effect I will meet him at any time to sign articles."

WILKESBAKE, Pa., Feb. 23.—During the progress of a prize fight between "Val" Daly of Edwardsville and James Farrell of Pittsburgh, Pa., last night, two constables jumped into the ring and tried to seize the men. The crowd of onlookers set up a yell and began to close in with threats of violence. The officers drew their revolvers and soon put the crowd to flight. The two principals got out of the way without being arrested.

PUGILISTIC POINTERS. Jimmy Larkin, the champion 122-pound pugilist, recently notified the Pelican Club that he was willing to fight any 122-pound man in England, if that organization would put up a suitable purse. He was notified that they would give a purse of £100 (\$500) and £25 for expenses for a fight between him and Fred Johnson, the English 122-pound champion. Larkin at once stated he would fight Fred Johnson, the English 122-pound champion or any other pugilist at that weight in England, if the Pelican Club would put up a purse of £400 and allow him £50 for expenses. Larkin claims that either the Olympic Club of New Orleans or the California Athletic Club would put up that amount.

Charles Parsons, the well-known English sporting man, writes to Richard K. Fox that the National Club, an opposition club to the Ormonde and Pelican Clubs, has been organized on a sound basis, and that in the future they will offer big purses for champion pugilists to contend for. Lord Londonderry, President and George Piesse is one of the Provisional Committee. The club has leased Evans' Music Hall, in Convent Garden, and has been carrying on its operations since the sports club house in England. The gymnasium will seat over 2,000 spectators, and under the direction of Lord Londonderry the club is certain of success.

Otto C. Fioto, the manager and backer of Bob Fitzsimmons, authorized Richard K. Fox to cable to the National and Pelican Clubs that Fitzsimmons would fight the winner of the Burke and Pritchard fight under the auspices of either of the above clubs for £1,000 a side and a purse of £1,000, making the total £2,000. The challenge was declined.

RACING.

It has been an open secret for some days past that managers of the various race tracks in New York have been working hard to secure from the Legislature some relief whereby they may be enabled to carry on their business in a legal manner. For a time this seemed an almost certain thing, because of the interests of the various race tracks. It was apparent from the start that a bill similar to the Ives measure, which controls New York State, could not be passed, because of the opposition it would receive from Guttenberg and Gloucester, where, because of favorable local conditions, racing and betting are being carried on. A bill has at last been framed which is not only satisfactory to all parties but has been described as both ingenious and constitutional. It has been drawn to conform with Gov. Abbott's well-known policy of self-government. The bill does not as an act of the State legalize betting, but its central idea is to throw upon the State, counties and localities the responsibility for the permission to maintain race tracks. The measure will in all probability be offered to the Legislature this week.

The immediate effect of its passage, according to good authority, would likely be favorable to a majority of the race tracks in the State. Gloucester and Guttenberg would certainly thrive. Monmouth Park also would continue making an old Turkman of the Legislature.

AN OLD TURKMAN CONTINUES. WATKINS, N. Y., Feb. 23.—Col. W. D. Crockett died last evening in the 73d year of his age. He was a Kentuckian by birth and a lineal descendant of Davy Crockett. He was bred by him, and was a successful breeder of the breeding of pure-blooded trotters for about forty-five years, first in his native State and later in Illinois. Lulu (2:14) was bred by him, as was also the famous Hambleton and Judge Hayes, all prize-winning stallions. While a resident of Kentucky he was delegated to go abroad to select horses and cattle for that State.

TROTTER-HORSE NOTES. LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 23.—Virgoque, the yearling half-brother to the sensational 3-year-old Sternberg, 2:29, by Monte Cristo has been sold by A. R. Williams of Ottumwa, Ia., to W. C. Dwyer, St. Paul, Minn., for \$1,300. Sternberg sold for \$11,200 at auction a few days ago.

H. M. Bennett, the millionaire game king of Pittsburgh, has shipped to his New Jersey farm his recent purchase, Alcantara, Jr., 2:24, by Alcantara, dam by Administrator. He was the only one of Alcantara's get sold at auction here this season, and cost his owner \$5,000. He will be sent to the stud farm of John E. Turner, Philadelphia, in its application, to the Board of Freeholders. Some doubt exists as to the Elizabeth tract, situated as it is within the corporate limits of the city of Elizabeth. Its application would be made to the Board of Aldermen, and the permission of that body could scarcely ignore the strong sentiment in Elizabeth against being the Lincoln people must needs apply to the Union County Board of Freeholders, and being good, influential people, would be likely to succeed. Some doubts exist as to the probability of Clifton succeeding, as the Engeman management is politically unpopular in Passaic County.

BASE BALL.

The National League is making a desperate effort to frighten the Association with big bluffs. They have threatened to seize players who have already been contracted with the Association, the claim being made by the League that these contracts are worthless because they contain a national agreement clause, and the Association is no longer a member of the national agreement. The

DR. PRICE'S DELICIOUS Flavoring Extracts

NATURAL FRUIT FLAVORS. Vanilla, Of perfect purity. Lemon, Of great strength. Orange, Economy in their use. Almond, Flavor as delicately and deliciously as the fresh fruit. Rose etc.

Pittsburg National League team is after Pitcher Mark Baldwin of the Columbus Association Club, but that player will probably remain right where he is. It is also stated that the National League is now willing to deal much more fairly with Al Johnson. Heretofore they sought to crush him, and would give the ex-Players' League nothing. Now they are willing to make great concessions to him in order to get him to leave the Association and join the League with his Cincinnati team. The circumstances do sometimes alter cases. The base ball war has made Mr. Johnson's most unjust claims most just. Mr. Johnson is not apt to lose his hands in the fight with the League now, simply because they need him, when heretofore they have been his bitter enemies and sought to destroy him. All sorts of telegrams are being sent by the League claiming that the Association is weakening and wants to be taken back into the national agreement. These tales are intended to frighten players and owners of the Association and to make Association players jump to the League. It is claimed by League organs that one Association team is already pleading for mercy. For "obvious reasons" the name of the club is not given, these League journals state. The most "obvious reason" why it is not given is that there is no truth in the claim, and no one who is actually occurring would be to have the story proved a lie. The League has also caused to be published a story that their Cleveland representative will sign King and Boyle, one of the batteries of the St. Louis Association Club. It is dollars to doughnuts that they do not secure either of these men and the League well knows that has little chance of getting them. Tom Brown has signed with the Boston Association Club. The League is claiming that they will secure all the Association's star players and that none of their men are joining the younger organization, as it was claimed they would, but it is a cry of stop, that, to call public attention away from what is actually occurring. Despite the League claims to the contrary, the Association is securing some of the stars of the older body. There are no better nor more celebrated stars in the country than Mike Kelly, Hardy Richardson and Dennis Brotherton, and yet they and Radbourne, Tom Brown and several others have deserted the League and joined the Association, while on the other hand not a single Association player has gone over to the National League. So far the fight has certainly been all in favor of the Association, and the National League, with all its extravagant statements, has yet to score its first point.

MUTRIE'S RETIREMENT. THE NEW YORK EVENING WORLD publishes the following telegram from Chicago: It is said here that Al Spalding of the Chicago Base Ball Club, who is one of the heaviest stockholders in the New York Club, has issued orders to John W. Day, President of the New York Club to remove James Mutrie from the management of that organization. It is said that Mr. Day is very much opposed to carrying the order into effect, but that the pressure brought to bear from Boston and Chicago is so positive that he will have no alternative.

It is further said that it is not the intention of Mr. Spalding to dismiss Manager Mutrie from New York, but to quietly transfer him to some other League club, possibly to the New Cincinnatiats. The only motive for the change in New York is, as is known, a dispute between Mutrie and the club. It is thought President Day has been the actual business manager of the New Yorks, even with Mutrie on hand, that such a change would take care of the men and that it is useless to put a new manager on the club. Besides Mr. Day's \$5,000 a year. Mutrie, when seen in reference to the matter, said John W. Day is anxious to secure his services for the Cincinnati League club. The popular New York manager said further:

"I had a long talk with President Day about the matter and he assured me that he knew no more about it than I. Until I have more definite information it is clearly improper for me to discuss the subject. I have ways to do my duty for the New York club, but if, as it is said, it is intended to reduce expenses here, I have nothing to say."

THE ATHLETIC CLUB. For the first time in its history the American Association is represented in Philadelphia by a live, progressive business man, says the Cincinnati Enquirer. There has been lots of fun poked at the Wagner, but no one can help but admit that the right sort of hustling, liberality and enterprise, the three requisites to successful base ball management, are considered. It is a wonder that the Athletic Club lasted as long as it did. It has sustained many queer managerial experiences. The founders of the Athletic Club were three old players, Horace Phillips, Charlie Palmer and Charlie Mason. Phillips and Palmer sold out, and there was formed the greatest base ball triumvirate known in the history of the game, Lou Simmons, the retired slugger, and Billy Sharps joined with Charlie Mason. These three worthies made money hand over fist. They did not keep a set of books; they did not need any. They ran their partnership in a unique way. At the end of every game they would count up the receipts, cut it in three parts and each of the partners take his part of the money. They did not keep any bank account as a club, but instead made assessments on themselves every time there was any expense to be met. It was a case of "all paid in or all paid out every day." They ran the club in this fashion until 1887, when they got into trouble, and in 1888 a new crowd took hold. It was about as bad as the other. They ran the club on such an economical basis that they frightened all their patrons away. The Wagner will make the club a success.

KNAUSS JUMPS TO THE LEAGUE. CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 23.—The Cleveland League Ball Club to-day signed Pitcher Knauss, who was under contract to play for Columbus next season. Knauss' Association contract was written to run until the end of the season, and the rules and provisions of the national agreement, and lawyers pronounced it null and void after the Association ceased to be a party to the national agreement.

FOOT-BALL. The foot-ball game at Sportsman's Park yesterday afternoon between the champion Blue Belts and a picked eleven from the other local association clubs resulted in a victory for the former by a score of 4 to 1. The game on the previous Sunday was won by the picked team by a score of 3 to 1, so that the two eleven are now a tie in the series.

ATHLETICS. To-day the Amateur Athletic Union of America is to be re-organized, and instead of

WORTH CONSIDERING!

Is from \$2.00 to \$12.50 Worth Saving?

OUR SPECIAL HALF-OFF SALE

Of Men's and Youths' Suits and Trousers and Boys' Long-Pant Suits

Gives You the Chance!

We have taken all the odd lots of the above goods from our winter stock and placed them on Special Bargain Counters, second floor, and as long as they last you get them at

One-Half Original Prices.

There are from one to three suits of a kind, including all grades from good to the finest.

MEN'S AND YOUTHS' SUITS Broken Lots that were \$7.50, \$8.50, \$10, \$12.50, \$15, \$16.50, \$18.50, \$20 and \$25.

Now Go for One-Half

From broken lots that were \$5, \$6.50, \$7.50, \$8.50, \$10, \$12.50, \$15 and \$16.50.

Now Go for One-Half

From broken lots that were \$4, \$5 and \$6.

Your Choice for \$2.50!

This is an opportunity to finish up the winter with a first-class suit for half its regular price.

Advance Styles in Spring Overcoats.

Bargains in Boys' Knee-Pant Suits and Odd Pants.

FAMOUS SHOE and CLOTHING CO., Broadway and Morgan.

Open till 10 p. m. Saturdays.

"The Princess" Shoe

FOR LADIES.

In kid and patent leather, combination tops, front lace, hand sewed, pump styles.

The most elegant and dressiest Shoe in the market.

Latest Spring Styles

The latest and noblest thing in LADIES' LOW FOOTWEAR for '91.

Famous Shoe Dep't

Broadway and Morgan.

being a union of clubs it will hereafter be a union of associations. There will be four associations—Metropolitan, New England, Western and Pacific Coast. The Metropolitan Association will consist of the clubs in New York State and New Jersey, and will be organized at the Astor House to-day, when delegates will meet from all over the country and two delegates to the central organization. Each of the four associations will control athletics in its respective territory, and all will be united in the following later: Madames Brainerd, Grayson, Phillips, Atkinson and Misses Nellie Strong, F. Payne Pettergill, Agnes Gray and Marion Ralston. The evening's entertainment closed with the reading of a beautiful epithalamium, which was written by Mr. A. F. Dean of Chicago. It was read by Mr. Ralston.

Dr. Sargeant has just introduced into the Harvard rowing tank a new apparatus for measuring the strength of the muscles. It is weighed to float just below the surface and from the cone a string runs to the measuring machine. It is fastened to a bar of steel, and the cone is made of a material which will not be affected by water. At every stroke the rush of water against the cone causes the pencil to make a sharp deflection in the course it is tracing on the paper. In this way a record is kept of every stroke.

Our gentlemen friends and the public are invited to call and examine our stock of spring frocks.

MYERS-McNICOL TAILORING CO., 615 Pine street.

MYSTERIOUS WOMAN IN BLACK.

Cahokia's Visitor Remembered in North St. Louis and St. Louis County.

The mysterious female known as "the woman in black," whose visit to Cahokia last week caused such a stir in that ancient burg, is believed to be the same woman who made a number of people think several years ago that she was trying to buy up all the real estate in St. Louis County and the same woman also who, only about a year ago, visited North St. Louis ostensibly for the purpose of purchasing all the property above Grand avenue. For nearly two weeks she was to be seen in that neighborhood every day, always in black and deeply veiled and always in a closed carriage with black curtains drawn and a coal-black negro seated on the box and driving a pair of coal-black horses. She only partly lifted her veil when talking and was never seen to leave her carriage, the owners or agents of the land she wanted to purchase always being called to the carriage door. She evaded all questions regarding her address or identity, except that she introduced herself as Mrs. Fowell or Rowell, and her coachman was equally reticent on such matters. She generally inquired the price of property in that neighborhood, who the owners were, and whether or not they were assessed at for taxes, but when it came to closing a bargain, she always wanted the terms modified somewhat to her benefit, said the young man who was with her because he could do nothing to kick about and the latter because he could find no words to express his admiration of the new compartment sleeping car now running on the Alton Road between St. Louis and Chicago.

Ticket offices: 216 North Broadway and Union Depot.

Both Struck Dumb.

A chronic "kicker" and his anti-type were both suddenly deprived of their powers of speech at the Union Depot yesterday, the former because he could do nothing to kick about and the latter because he could find no words to express his admiration of the new compartment sleeping car now running on the Alton Road between St. Louis and Chicago.

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Ticket offices: 216 North Broadway and Union Depot.

is, daily and prior to any HUMP week. The indications for to-day are slightly warmer; rain Tuesday.

Give a Thought

To apparel for wear six months hence. See the Kersey, Melton, Chinchilla and Cheviot Overcoats we're selling for \$10, reduced from \$15, \$18, \$20. You'll find in all probability never again see Coats so good as these for \$10, consequently it'll be best for you to invest in one of them while you have the opportunity.

Ten Dollars Isn't Much

to pay for an Overcoat. Do you think so?

E. W. HUMPHREY & CO.

Broadway and Pine.

Wone's

\$5.00 Hand-Made Shoe for Men

Spring Styles Now In.

Best Calfskin and Kangaroo.

The most elegant Shoe in looks, and the Most Reliable in good-wearing qualities ever introduced here at such a moderate price.

311 NORTH BROADWAY.

LAST THREE DAYS.

GLOBE'S GREAT ODD END SALE.

All Odds and Ends Left Over From Our Clearing Sale Must Go.

NOW IS YOUR CHANCE.

If you want a Man's Suit or Overcoat, COME NOW.

If you want a Boy's Suit or Overcoat, NOW IS YOUR CHANCE.

If you want a pair of Pants for yourself or boy, NOW IS YOUR CHANCE.

If you want a pair of Shoes for yourself, wife or children; if you are in need of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Shirts or Underwear, NOW IS YOUR CHANCE, for all odds and ends must go, no matter what they cost.

GLOBE, 703, 705, 707, 709, 711, 713 FRANKLIN AVENUE.

Open evenings until 9; Saturdays until 11. Send for Illustrated Catalogue. Mail orders promptly and carefully filled.

that Mr. George Wiseman, the well-known

baritone, will be with the Casino Co. next year.

The Literary Society of St. Malachy's parish will give a public entertainment shortly after Easter.

Mr. Scholz has been engaged as organist at the West End Non-Sectarian Church, on Lindell and Vandewater avenues.

Mr. Charles H. Brown is now president of the Western Musical Improvement Association, vice Mr. J. J. Collins. Mr. D. P. Buckley has been elected vice-president.

The membership of this organization is rapidly increasing and it is expected that their next concert will far surpass the last. The hall on the northeast corner of Jefferson avenue and Olive street has been engaged for the regular weekly meeting and rehearsal which takes place every Monday evening.

The Philharmonic Society of Belleville gave a very enjoyable concert at the Lederstrass hall,